



Developer guide

Agent Workspace



Agent Workspace: Developer guide

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What is the Amazon Connect agent workspace?

Amazon Connect agent workspace is a single, intuitive application that provides your agents with all of the tools and step-by-step guidance they need to resolve issues efficiently, improve customer experiences, and onboard faster. Contact center agents might be required to use more than seven applications to manage each customer interaction, digging through various tools to process simple requests, and frustrating customers on hold. Amazon Connect agent workspace integrates all of your agent tools on one screen. You can customize the agent workspace to present agents with step-by-step guidance to resolve customer issues faster.

Topics

- [Are you a first-time Amazon Connect agent workspace user?](#)
- [How applications are loaded in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Recommendations and best practices for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

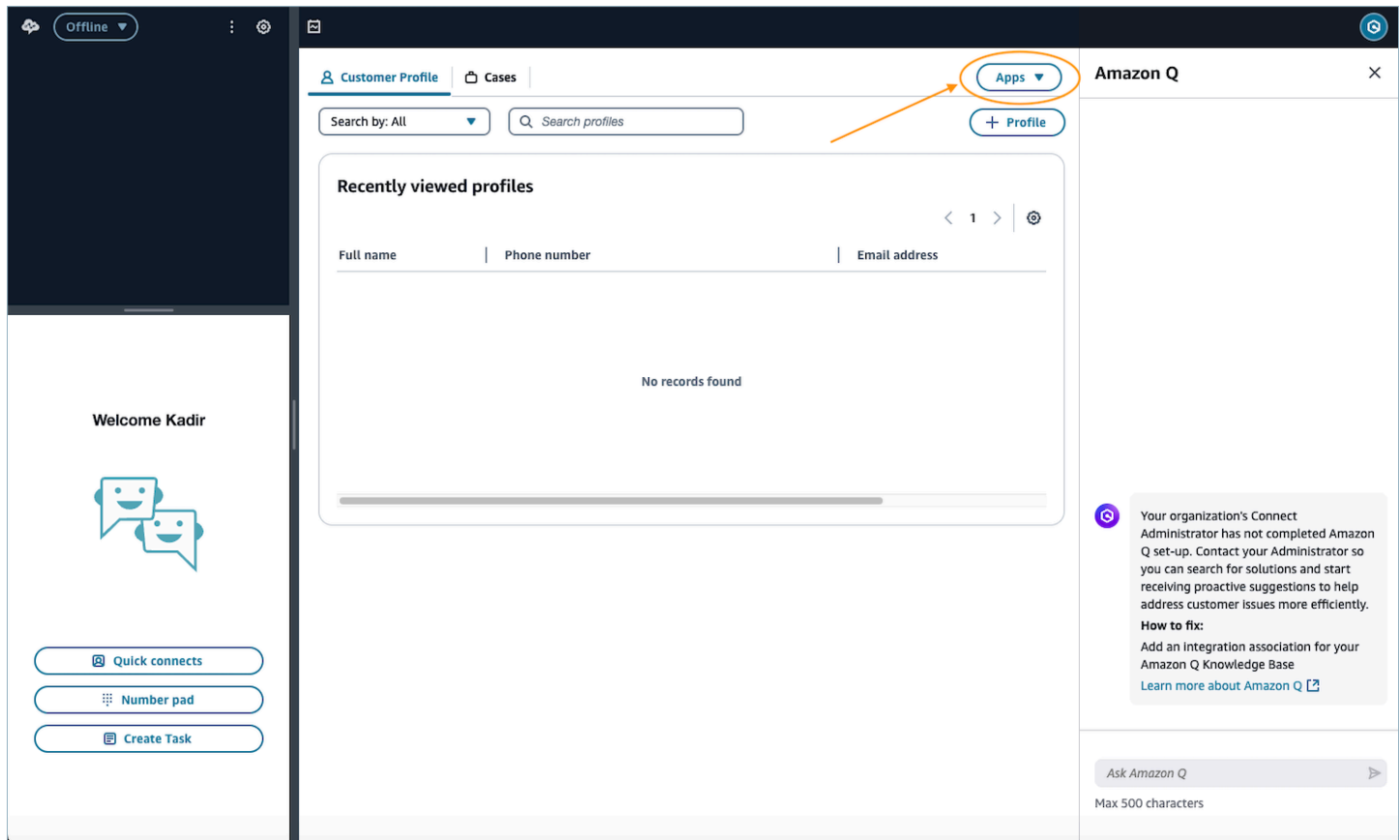
Are you a first-time Amazon Connect agent workspace user?

If you are a first-time user of Amazon Connect agent workspace, we recommend that you begin by reading the following sections:

- [Customize the Amazon Connect agent workspace](#)
- [Third-party applications \(3P apps\) in the Amazon Connect agent workspace](#)
- [Working with third-party applications in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

How applications are loaded in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

The agent workspace allows users to handle multiple contacts concurrently. They will have only one contact selected at a time though, and the agent workspace will update the experience based on the channel (call, chat, or task) of the contact and the applications opened for that contact. When a user switches to another contact, the set of application tabs are updated to what the user was doing last when they were on the previous contact.



An application can be opened by the user selecting the app launcher icon in the top right hand corner of the main agent workspace and select an application from the list. This will load your app in a new application tab for the contact the user has active at that time, or the idle state if the user doesn't have any active contacts. There will be new iframe created for each contact an application is opened with. That iframe will exist until the application tab is closed, for example, a user clicking on the x on the tab or the contact closing. At which point, the app will go through the destroy lifecycle process which gives apps a chance to clean up any resources before the iframe is unmounted from the DOM. The iframe will be hidden when a user selects another tab on the same contact or switches to another contact. This means that at any one time there can be multiple instances, for example, iframes, of the same application running for different contacts.

The agent workspace has a Content Security Policy (CSP) that only allows specific domains to be framed by setting [frame-src](#). The domains configured in the *AccessUrl* and those added to *Approved Origins* will be included in the agent workspace's CSP. Ensure that all domains that your app uses for top level pages are included between *AccessUrl* and *Approved Origins*.

Events and data shared with an instance of an application will be for the contact the application is opened under and the other applications opened on the same contact. Events or data will not be shared between apps on different contacts.

Recommendations and best practices for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Use the following recommendations and best practices to optimize applications in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

Topics

- [Ensuring that apps can only be embedded in the Amazon Connect agent workspace](#)
- [Using multiple domains within an app](#)
- [Initializing Streams](#)
- [Accessibility](#)
- [Theming and styling](#)

Ensuring that apps can only be embedded in the Amazon Connect agent workspace

It is recommended that apps correctly set the [Content Security Policy](#) header with [frame-ancestors](#) to only allow Amazon Connect instances.

```
Content-Security-Policy: frame-ancestors https://*.awsapps.com https://*.my.connect.aws;
```

Using multiple domains within an app

Apps that use multiple domains, such as those supporting login flows, must add additional domains to the approved origins list on the application configuration. Both the domain specified in the *AccessUrl* and any additional domains added to the *Approved Origins* will be incorporated into the Content Security Policy for the agent workspace, allowing iframe integration for these domains.

Initializing Streams

Initializing the CCP via Streams, even if hidden, is not supported in third-party applications. You must instead use contact and agent events when they are available.

Accessibility

The best practice is for your application to meet accessibility guidelines such as [WCAG AA 2.1](#). The following are some examples of automated and manual tests that you can conduct to ensure that your app meets these guidelines.

Automated accessibility testing tools

1. **axe**: an open-source accessibility testing engine that can be integrated into your development workflow. It provides automated testing of web pages and applications for accessibility issues based on WCAG 2.1 standards.
2. **Pa11y**: a command-line interface that allows you to automate accessibility testing of web pages. It can be integrated into your continuous integration (CI) process to catch accessibility issues early in the development cycle.
3. **Lighthouse**: an open-source, automated tool for improving the quality of web pages. It includes an accessibility audit feature that can identify common accessibility issues and provide suggestions for improvement.
4. **WAVE**: a suite of evaluation tools that help authors make their web content more accessible to individuals with disabilities. It provides a browser extension and an online tool for automated accessibility testing.

Manual accessibility testing tools

1. **Screen Readers**: Use screen readers such as NVDA (NonVisual Desktop Access), JAWS (Job Access With Speech), and VoiceOver to manually test how users with visual impairments interact with your application.
2. **Keyboard Navigation**: Test the application using only a keyboard for navigation to ensure that all interactive elements, such as links and form controls, can be accessed and used without a mouse.
3. **Color Contrast Checkers**: Manual assessment of color contrast using tools like WebAIM's Contrast Checker to ensure that text and graphical elements have sufficient contrast for readability.

4. **User Testing:** Conduct manual accessibility testing with users who have disabilities to gain insights into how they interact with your application and to identify any barriers they may encounter. By using a combination of automated and manual tools, you can provide a comprehensive picture of your application's accessibility compliance. When documenting the testing process, be sure to include details about the tools used, the specific tests performed, and the results obtained to demonstrate your commitment to accessibility.

Theming and styling

The [Amazon Connect SDK](#) includes a standard Amazon Connect theme. We recommend that you use the theming package on top of Cloudscape, such that third-party applications match the overall look and feel of the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

Working with third-party applications in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

With Amazon Connect agent workspace, you have the option to use first-party applications, such as Customer Profiles, Cases, Wisdom, and features such as step-by-step guides. With support for third-party applications (3P apps), you can unite your contact center software, built by yourself or by partners in one place. For example, you can integrate your proprietary reservation system or a vendor-provided metrics dashboard, into the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

The following topics describe key concepts and procedures for developing applications for the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

Topics

- [Prerequisites for developing third-party applications for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Create your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Test your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace locally](#)
- [Test a deployed version of your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Handle application errors in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Troubleshoot application setup in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

Prerequisites for developing third-party applications for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

To develop and test an application for use in Amazon Connect agent workspace, you must have the following:

- An Amazon Connect instance
- An IAM user that has the proper permissions for creating an application and associating it with the instance. For more information on the required user permissions, see the [IAM role required for creating applications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- An Amazon Connect user in that instance that has permissions to update security profiles

Topics

- [IAM role required for creating applications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

IAM role required for creating applications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

On top of the AmazonConnect_FullAccess IAM policy, users need the following IAM permissions for creating an app and associating it with an Amazon Connect instance.

JSON

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Action": [
        "app-integrations:CreateApplication",
        "app-integrations:GetApplication",
        "iam:GetRolePolicy",
        "iam:PutRolePolicy",
        "iam>DeleteRolePolicy"
      ],
      "Resource": "arn:aws:app-integrations:us-east-1:111122223333:application/*",
      "Effect": "Allow"
    }
  ]
}
```

Create your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

An application is a website that can be loaded from an HTTPS URL into an iframe in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. It can be built using any frontend framework and hosted anywhere as long as it can be loaded by the user's browser and supports being embedded. In addition to being accessible by the user, the application must integrate the [Amazon Connect SDK](#) to establish secure communication between the application and the agent workspace allowing the application to receive events and data from the workspace.

Topics

- [Install the Amazon Connect SDK for developing applications for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Using the Amazon Connect SDK without a package manager](#)
- [Initialize the Amazon Connect SDK in your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Events and requests in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Authentication for applications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Integrate application with Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent data](#)
- [Integrate application with Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact data](#)
- [Application lifecycle events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Apply a theme to your application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

Install the Amazon Connect SDK for developing applications for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

To develop applications for the Amazon Connect agent workspace you must first install the Amazon Connect SDK.

The [Amazon Connect SDK](#) can be installed from NPM. The Amazon Connect SDK is made up of a set of modules that can be installed as separate packages, meaning that you should only pull in the packages that you need.

The `app` package provides core application features like logging, error handling, secure messaging, and lifecycle events, and must be installed by all applications at a minimum to integrate into the workspace.

Install from NPM

Install the `app` package from NPM by installing `@amazon-connect/app`.

```
% npm install --save @amazon-connect/app
```

Note

If you do not use NPM, refer to [Using Amazon Connect SDK without package manager](#)

Using the Amazon Connect SDK without a package manager

This guide is intended for developers building Amazon Connect integrations who do not use npm, webpack, or other JavaScript package managers and bundlers in their web applications. This includes developers building custom StreamsJS-based contact center interfaces or third-party applications that run within the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace.

Amazon Connect recommends using a package manager such as npm and a bundler such as webpack or Vite for SDK integration. These tools provide dependency management, automatic updates, tree-shaking, and a streamlined development workflow. If you choose not to use these tools, this guide describes an alternative approach.

The Amazon Connect SDK is distributed as npm packages. These packages use Node.js-style module resolution and cannot be loaded directly in a browser using a `<script>` tag. If your development environment does not include a package manager or bundler, you must create a prebuilt script file that bundles the SDK packages into a browser-compatible format.

Your responsibility

When working without a package manager, it becomes your responsibility to:

1. Set up a one-time build environment to create the bundle
2. Select the specific SDK packages your application requires
3. Build and maintain the bundled script file
4. Update the bundle when SDK versions change

Why a bundle is required

SDK packages use ES module imports like `import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact"`. Browsers cannot resolve these package specifiers directly. A bundler resolves these imports, combines the code, and produces a single file the browser can execute.

Exposing the SDK as a global

When using `<script>` tags, there is no module system to share code between files. The bundle must attach the SDK to a global variable (such as `window.AmazonConnectSDK`) so your application scripts can access it. This is different from npm-based projects where you import directly from packages.

Available packages

The SDK consists of multiple packages. Select only the packages your application needs. Examples include:

Package	Purpose
@amazon-connect/core	Core SDK functionality and provider types
@amazon-connect/contact	ContactClient for contact operations
@amazon-connect/email	EmailClient for email channel operations
@amazon-connect/app	App initialization for third-party applications
@amazon-connect/app-manager	Plugin for hosting Connect first-party apps (Cases, Step-by-Step Guides)
@amazon-connect/voice	VoiceClient for voice channel operations

See the [Amazon Connect SDK repository](#) for the complete list of available packages.

Building the script file

This section provides step-by-step instructions for creating a browser-consumable bundle from the SDK npm packages.

Prerequisites

The following prerequisites are required:

- Node.js 18 or later installed
- npm (comes with Node.js)
- A text editor

Step 1: Create the build project directory

Create a new directory to hold your build configuration. This directory will contain npm tooling but the output bundle will be usable without npm.

```
mkdir connect-sdk-bundle
cd connect-sdk-bundle
```

Step 2: Initialize the npm project

```
npm init -y
```

Step 3: Install the SDK packages you need

For an email-based solution using EmailClient and ContactClient:

```
npm install @amazon-connect/core @amazon-connect/contact @amazon-connect/email
```

If you are building a third-party app (not embedded in StreamsJS), also install:

```
npm install @amazon-connect/app
```

If you are integrating with StreamsJS and want to host Connect first-party apps (such as Cases or Step-by-Step Guides), also install:

```
npm install @amazon-connect/app-manager
```

Step 4: Install the bundler

Install esbuild, a fast JavaScript bundler:

```
npm install --save-dev esbuild
```

Step 5: Create the entry file

Create a file that imports the SDK modules you need and exposes them as a global:

```
mkdir src
```

For StreamsJS integration (src/entry-streams.js):

```
// Entry file for StreamsJS integration
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
import { EmailClient } from "@amazon-connect/email";

// Expose the SDK on the window object
window.AmazonConnectSDK = {
  ContactClient,
  EmailClient,
};
```

For StreamsJS with first-party apps (src/entry-streams-with-apps.js):

If you want to host Connect first-party apps like Cases or Step-by-Step Guides alongside the CCP, include the app-manager plugin:

```
// Entry file for StreamsJS integration with 1P app support
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
import { EmailClient } from "@amazon-connect/email";
import { AppManagerPlugin } from "@amazon-connect/app-manager";

// Expose the SDK on the window object
window.AmazonConnectSDK = {
  AppManagerPlugin,
  ContactClient,
  EmailClient,
};
```

For third-party app (src/entry-app.js):

```
// Entry file for third-party app integration
import { AmazonConnectApp } from "@amazon-connect/app";
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
import { EmailClient } from "@amazon-connect/email";

// Expose the SDK on the window object
window.AmazonConnectSDK = {
  AmazonConnectApp,
  ContactClient,
  EmailClient,
};
```

Step 6: Add build scripts to package.json

Edit `package.json` to add build scripts:

```
{
  "name": "connect-sdk-bundle",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "scripts": {
    "build:streams": "esbuild src/entry-streams.js --bundle --minify --sourcemap --format=iife --target=es2020 --outfile=dist/connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js",
    "build:app": "esbuild src/entry-app.js --bundle --minify --sourcemap --format=iife --target=es2020 --outfile=dist/connect-sdk-app.bundle.js",
    "build": "npm run build:streams && npm run build:app"
  }
}
```

Step 7: Build the bundle

```
npm run build
```

This creates the following files in the `dist/` directory:

- `connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js` - Bundle for StreamsJS integration
- `connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js.map` - Source map for debugging
- `connect-sdk-app.bundle.js` - Bundle for third-party apps
- `connect-sdk-app.bundle.js.map` - Source map for debugging

Step 8: Copy the bundle to your project

Copy the appropriate `.js` file (and optionally the `.map` file for debugging) to your static website's assets folder:

```
cp dist/connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js /path/to/your/website/assets/vendor/  
# or  
cp dist/connect-sdk-app.bundle.js /path/to/your/website/assets/vendor/
```

Complete build project structure

After completing all steps, your build project should look like this:

```
connect-sdk-bundle/  
### package.json  
### package-lock.json  
### node_modules/  
### src/  
#   ### entry-streams.js  
#   ### entry-app.js  
### dist/  
    ### connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js  
    ### connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js.map  
    ### connect-sdk-app.bundle.js  
    ### connect-sdk-app.bundle.js.map
```

Using the SDK with StreamsJS

This section explains how to use the prebuilt bundle in a solution that uses Amazon Connect Streams (StreamsJS).

Prerequisites

The following prerequisites are required:

- The Amazon Connect Streams library loaded on your page
- The `connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js` file from the building section

HTML setup

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Connect StreamsJS with SDK</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div id="ccp-container" style="width: 400px; height: 600px;"></div>

    <!-- Load Amazon Connect Streams first -->
    <script src="https://your-domain.com/amazon-connect-streams.min.js"></script>

    <!-- Load the SDK bundle -->
    <script src="/assets/vendor/connect-sdk-streams.bundle.js"></script>

    <!-- Your application code -->
    <script src="/app.js"></script>
  </body>
</html>
```

JavaScript implementation

In your `app.js` file:

```
// Initialize the CCP
var ccpContainer = document.getElementById("ccp-container");

connect.core.initCCP(ccpContainer, {
  ccpUrl: "https://your-instance.my.connect.aws/ccp-v2/",
  loginPopup: true,
  loginPopupAutoClose: true,
});

// Get the SDK provider from Streams after CCP initializes
connect.core.onInitialized(function () {
  // Retrieve the provider from the Streams SDK client config
  var sdkConfig = connect.core.getSDKClientConfig();
  var provider = sdkConfig.provider;

  // Create the SDK clients using the provider
```

```
var contactClient = new AmazonConnectSDK.ContactClient(provider);
var emailClient = new AmazonConnectSDK.EmailClient(provider);

// Example: Subscribe to contact lifecycle events
contactClient.onIncoming(function (event) {
  console.log("Incoming contact:", event.contactId);
});

contactClient.onConnected(function (event) {
  console.log("Contact connected:", event.contactId);
});

contactClient.onCleared(function (event) {
  console.log("Contact cleared:", event.contactId);
});
});
```

Hosting Connect first-party apps (optional)

If you want to host Connect first-party apps like Cases or Step-by-Step Guides alongside your CCP, include the `@amazon-connect/app-manager` package in your bundle and apply the plugin during CCP initialization:

```
connect.core.initCCP(ccpContainer, {
  ccpUrl: "https://your-instance.my.connect.aws/ccp-v2/",
  loginPopup: true,
  loginPopupAutoClose: true,
  // Apply the plugin to enable 1P app hosting
  plugins: AmazonConnectSDK.AppManagerPlugin,
});
```

Key points for StreamsJS integration

1. Load the Streams library before the SDK bundle
2. Retrieve the provider using `connect.core.getSDKClientConfig().provider` after CCP initializes
3. Instantiate SDK clients with `new AmazonConnectSDK.ContactClient(provider)`
4. The `AppManagerPlugin` is only required if hosting Connect first-party apps

Using the SDK in a 3P app

This section explains how to use the prebuilt bundle in a third-party application that runs within the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace.

Prerequisites

The following prerequisites are required:

- Your application is registered as a third-party app in Amazon Connect
- The `connect-sdk-app.bundle.js` file from the building section

HTML setup

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Connect Third-Party App</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div id="app-container"></div>

    <!-- Load the SDK bundle -->
    <script src="/assets/vendor/connect-sdk-app.bundle.js"></script>

    <!-- Your application code -->
    <script src="/app.js"></script>
  </body>
</html>
```

JavaScript implementation

In your `app.js` file:

```
// Initialize the third-party app - this must be called first
var initResult = AmazonConnectSDK.AmazonConnectApp.init({
  // Optional lifecycle callbacks
  onCreate: function (event) {
    console.log("App created");
```

```
    },
    onDestroy: function (event) {
        console.log("App destroyed");
    },
});

// Get the provider from the init result
var provider = initResult.provider;

// Create the SDK clients using the provider
var contactClient = new AmazonConnectSDK.ContactClient(provider);
var emailClient = new AmazonConnectSDK.EmailClient(provider);

// Example: Subscribe to contact lifecycle events
contactClient.onIncoming(function (event) {
    console.log("Incoming contact:", event.contactId);
});

contactClient.onConnected(function (event) {
    console.log("Contact connected:", event.contactId);
});

contactClient.onCleared(function (event) {
    console.log("Contact cleared:", event.contactId);
});
```

Key points for third-party apps

1. Call `AmazonConnectSDK.AmazonConnectApp.init()` before using any SDK functionality
2. The `init()` function returns an object containing the `provider`
3. Instantiate SDK clients with `new AmazonConnectSDK.ContactClient(provider)`
4. Lifecycle callbacks (`onCreate`, `onDestroy`) are optional but useful for managing app state

Updating the bundle

When a new version of the SDK is released:

1. Navigate to your build project directory
2. Update the SDK packages:

```
npm update @amazon-connect/core @amazon-connect/contact @amazon-connect/email
```

3. Rebuild the bundle:

```
npm run build
```

4. Copy the new bundle to your website

5. Test your application to verify compatibility

Troubleshooting

This section describes common issues and resolutions when using the SDK without a package manager.

Bundle is too large

If the bundle size is a concern, ensure you only import the packages you need. Each additional package increases bundle size.

"AmazonConnectSDK is not defined" error

Verify that the bundle script tag appears before your application script in the HTML, and that the path to the bundle file is correct.

Provider is undefined

For StreamsJS: Ensure you are accessing the provider after `connect.core.onInitialized()` fires.

For third-party apps: Ensure you call `AmazonConnectSDK.AmazonConnectApp.init()` and capture its return value.

SDK methods not working

Verify you passed the provider when creating the clients. The provider establishes the communication channel between your code and Amazon Connect.

Initialize the Amazon Connect SDK in your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Initializing the [Amazon Connect SDK](#) in your app for the Amazon Connect agent workspace requires calling `init` on the `AmazonConnectApp` module. This takes an `onCreate` and `onDestroy` callback, which will be invoked once the app has successfully initialized in the agent workspace and then when the agent workspace is going to destroy the iframe the app is running in. These are two of the lifecycle events that your app can integrate with. See [Application lifecycle events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#) for details on the other app lifecycle events that your app can hook into.

```
import { AmazonConnectApp } from "@amazon-connect/app";

const { provider } = AmazonConnectApp.init({
  onCreate: (event) => {
    const { appInstanceId } = event.context;
    console.log('App initialized: ', appInstanceId);
  },
  onDestroy: (event) => {
    console.log('App being destroyed');
  },
});
```

Note

Keep the reference to `{ provider }` which is required to create clients to interact with events and requests.

Doing a quick test locally by loading your app directly will produce an error message in the browser dev tools console that the app was unable to establish a connection to the workspace. This will happen when your app is correctly calling `init` when run outside of the workspace.

```
> App failed to connect to agent workspace in the allotted time
```

Events and requests in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

App developers can easily create applications that seamlessly integrate into the agent workspace experience in the Amazon Connect agent workspace with the event and request functionality natively supported by [Amazon Connect SDK](#). You can build an app by leveraging the [Amazon Connect SDK](#) to subscribe to agent/contact events (invoking a particular handler when the event occurs) and make requests to quickly retrieve agent/contact data.

This is the main module needed to integrate your app into the agent workspace and get exposure to its agent/contact data and make your app responsive throughout the contact-handling lifecycle.

- **Event**

Refers to an asynchronous subscription-publication model, where the [Amazon Connect SDK's](#) client allows the 3P app to subscribe a callback to-be-invoked when a specific event occurs, such as an agent changing their state from *Available* to *Offline*. It then performs an application-defined action using the event context when said event fires. If and when an event fires is dependent on the event type. For more information, see the [API Reference](#).

- **Request**

Refers to a request-reply model, where the [Amazon Connect SDK's](#) client allows the 3P app to make requests on demand to retrieve data about the current contact or the logged-in agent.

Install from NPM

Install the contact package from NPM by installing [@amazon-connect/contact](#).

```
% npm install --save @amazon-connect/contact
```

Authentication for applications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Apps in the Amazon Connect agent workspace must provide their own authentication to their users. It is recommended that apps use the same identity provider that the Amazon Connect instance has been configured to use when it was created. This will make it so users only need to log in once for both the agent workspace and their applications, since they both use the same single sign on provider.

Note

On Jul 22, 2024, Google announced that they no longer plan to deprecate third-party cookies [1]. With this announcement, there will be no impact to third-party applications embedded within Amazon Connect's agent workspace, unless third-party application users explicitly opt-in for deprecation. We advise third-party application developers to adopt the third-party cookie deprecation impact prevention solutions below as a forward-looking preventative measure.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact AWS Support [2].

[1] <https://privacysandbox.com/news/privacy-sandbox-update/>

[2] <https://aws.amazon.com/support>

For more information, see the [3P admin guide](#).

Third-party cookie deprecation

We are aware of the **Google Chrome** Third-Party Cookies Deprecation (3PCD) that may impact the third-party applications experience. If your application is embedded within the Amazon Connect's agent workspace in an iframe and uses cookie based Authentication/Authorization, then your application is likely to be impacted by Third-Party Cookie Deprecation. You can test if your user experience will be impacted by 3PCD by using the following [Test for Breakage](#) guidance.

Here are the recommendations to ensure customers continue to have good experiences when accessing your application within the Amazon Connect agent workspace with Google Chrome.

- **Temporary solution:** Allow 3P cookie access [here](#) .
- **Permanent solution:** Refer to the [guidance](#) from Chrome to choose the best option suitable for your application.

Integrate application with Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent data

To integrate your application with agent data from the Amazon Connect agent workspace, instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { AgentClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
```

```
const agentClient = new AgentClient({ provider });
```

Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, see the [API reference](#) to customize your client's configuration.

Once the agent client is instantiated, you can use it to subscribe to events and make requests.

Example agent event

The code sample below subscribes a callback to the state change event topic. Whenever the agent's state is modified, the agent workspace will invoke your provided callback, passing in the event data payload for your function to operate on. In this example, it logs the event data to the console.

```
import { AgentStateChanged } from "@amazon-connect/contact";

// A simple callback that just console logs the state change event data
// returned by the agent workspace whenever the logged-in agent's state changes
const handler = async (data: AgentStateChanged) => {
  console.log(data);
};

// Subscribe to the state change topic using the above handler
agentClient.onStateChanged(handler);
```

Example agent request

The following code sample submits a getARN request and then logs the returned data to the console.

```
const arn = await agentClient.getARN();

console.log(`Got the arn value: ${arn}`);
```

The above agent event and request are non-exhaustive. For a full list of available agent events and requests, see the [API Reference](#).

Integrate application with Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact data

To integrate your application with contact data from the Amazon Connect agent workspace, instantiate the contact client as follows:

```
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";

const contactClient = new ContactClient({ provider });
```

Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default `AmazonConnectProvider` and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, see the [API reference](#) to customize your client's configuration.

Once the contact client is instantiated, you can use it to subscribe to events and make requests.

Contact scope

All `ContactClient` methods include an optional `contactId` parameter. If no value is provided, the client automatically defaults to the contact context from which the app was launched. Note that this requires the app to be opened within a contact's context.

- **Applications configured with Per Contact scope**

For Per Contact scoped applications, the `contactId` of the current contact is provided in the `AppCreateEvent` which is supplied in the `onCreate` callback.

```
const provider = AmazonConnectApp.init({

  onCreate: async (event: AppCreateEvent) => {
    // Check if scope is defined and has contactId before accessing it
    if (event.context.scope && "contactId" in event.context.scope) {
      let contactId = event.context.scope.contactId;
      console.log("App launched for the contactId", contactId);
    }
  },

  onDestroy: async (event: AppDestroyEvent) => {
    console.log("App destroyed:", event);
  },

});
```

- **Applications configured with Cross Contact scope**

Cross Contact scoped applications can retrieve the contactId by subscribing to any of the contact events like `onConnected` or `onIncomming`

```
const handler: ContactIncomingHandler = async (data: ContactIncoming) => {
  console.log("Contact incoming occurred! " + data);
  let contactId = data.contactId;
};

contactClient.onIncoming(handler);
```

Example contact event

The following code sample subscribes a callback to the connected event topic. Whenever a contact is connected to the agent, the agent workspace will invoke your provided callback, passing in the event data payload for your function to operate on. In this example, it logs the event data to the console.

```
import {
  ContactClient,
```

```
    ContactConnected,  
    ContactConnectedHandler  
  } from "@amazon-connect/contact";  
  
  // A simple callback that just console logs the contact connected event data  
  // returned by the workspace whenever the current contact is connected  
  const handler: ContactConnectedHandler = async (data: ContactConnected) => {  
    console.log(data);  
  };  
  
  // Subscribe to the contact connected topic using the above handler  
  contactClient.onConnected(handler, contactId);
```

Example contact request

The following code sample submits a `getQueue` request and then logs the returned data to the console.

```
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";  
  
const queue = await contact.getQueue(contactId);  
  
console.log(`Got the queue: ${queue}`);
```

The above contact event and request are non-exhaustive. For a full list of available contact events and requests, see the [API Reference](#).

Application lifecycle events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

There are lifecycle states that an app can move between from when the app is initially opened to when it is closed in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. This includes the initialization handshake that the app goes through with the agent workspace after it has loaded to establish the communication channel between the two. There is another handshake between the agent workspace and the application when the app will be shutdown. An application can hook into `onCreate` and `onDestroy` when calling `AmazonConnectApp.init()`.

The following section describe the create and destroy events in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

Topics

- [The create event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [The destroy event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

The create event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

The create event in the Amazon Connect agent workspace results in the `onCreate` handler passed into the `AmazonConnectApp.init()` to be invoked. `Init` should be called in an application once it has successfully loaded and is ready to start handling events from the workspace. The create event provides the `appInstanceId` and the `appConfig`.

- **appInstanceId:** The ID for this instance of the app provided by the workspace.
- **appConfig:** The application configuration being used by the instance for this app.
- **contactScope:** Provides the current `contactId` if the app is opened during an active contact.

The destroy event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

The destroy event in the Amazon Connect agent workspace will trigger the `onDestroy` callback configured during `AmazonConnectApp.init()`. The application should use this event to clean up resources and persist data. The agent workspace will wait for the application to respond that it has completed clean up for a period of time.

Apply a theme to your application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

The theme package defines and applies the Amazon Connect theme when developing with [Cloudscape](#) for the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

Install from NPM

Install the theme package and Cloudscape global-styles from NPM by installing `@amazon-connect/theme` and `@cloudscape-design/global-styles`.

```
% npm install -P @amazon-connect/theme
% npm install -P @cloudscape-design/global-styles
```

Usage

The theme package must be imported once at the entry point of the application.

```
import { applyConnectTheme } from "@amazon-connect/theme";

await applyConnectTheme(provider);
```

Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default `AmazonConnectProvider` and returns `{ provider }`.

From then on Cloudscape components and design tokens can be used directly from Cloudscape.

```
// src/app.ts

import * as React from "react";
import Button from "@cloudscape-design/components/button";

export default () => {
  return <Button variant="primary">Button</Button>;
}
```

Test your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace locally

Once you have a minimal version of the app that you want to use in the Amazon Connect agent workspace with the Amazon Connect SDK that you want to test in the agent workspace, run your app locally and create an application in the AWS console with an `AccessUrl` using the localhost endpoint, like `http://localhost:3000`.

Creating an application and associating to your instance

Note

Detailed steps for creating and managing applications can be found in the admin guide under [Third-party applications \(3P apps\) in the agent workspace \(Preview\)](#).

1. Open the Amazon Connect [console](https://console.aws.amazon.com/connect/) (<https://console.aws.amazon.com/connect/>).
2. Navigate to **Third-party applications** in the left hand panel.
3. Choose **Add application**.
4. Fill out the necessary required information:
 - a. **Name:** The name of the application is what will show up to agents in the app launcher in the agent workspace.
 - b. **Namespace:** Namespace must be unique per application and, in the future, allow for applications to support custom events. Once an app is created, its namespace cannot be updated.
 - c. **AccessUrl:** Set to the localhost url for your application.
 - d. **Permissions:** A list of allowed functions that grants your application the ability to subscribe to agent/contact events that occur in the agent workspace or make requests for agent/contact data.
5. Select the Amazon Connect instance you are testing with to associate the app with that instance.
6. Choose **Add application** to finish creating your app.
7. Log into your test instance as an admin user.
8. Navigate to **Security profiles** and select the Admin security profile.
9. Under **Agent applications** find your application and make sure the View permission is selected.
 - Open the agent application /agent-app-v2
10. Open your app by choosing the app launcher and selecting your application. Your app will be opened in a new application tab.

After following these steps you will have your app loaded from your local machine into the workspace. This will only work when loading the agent workspace on your local machine that has the app running on it. If you want to be able to load your app from any browser / computer, then you must deploy your app somewhere that is internet accessible.

Assuming the logging was included from the code snippet above, you should see the following in the console log of your browser's dev tools when you open your app in the workspace.

```
App initialized: 00420d405e
```

When your app is closed, for example, by closing the tab in the agent workspace, you should see the following series of logs entries.

```
> App destroyed: begin
> App being destroyed
> App destroyed
> App destroyed: end
```

If you see these, then your app correctly integrates with the *Amazon Connect Amazon Connect SDK* and the [The create event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#) / [The destroy event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#) destroy lifecycle events.

Test a deployed version of your application for Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

When ready, deploy the app that you created for the Amazon Connect agent workspace to a place that is internet accessible. Update your application configuration (or configure a new application) to point to the deployed version of your application. A simple way to deploy your app assuming it only has static assets is to [host them on S3](#) and (optionally) [use CloudFront](#).

Handle application errors in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Applications can communicate errors back to the Amazon Connect agent workspace by either calling `sendError` or `sendFatalError` on the `AmazonConnectApp` object. The agent

workspace will shutdown an app if it sends a fatal error meaning that the app has reached an unrecoverable state and isn't functional. When an app sends a fatal error the agent workspace won't attempt to go through the destroy lifecycle handshake and will immediately remove the iframe from the DOM. Apps should do any clean up required prior to sending fatal errors.

Troubleshoot application setup in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

You can use the [Amazon Connect SDK's](#) `AppConfig` object to retrieve data about your applications's setup in the Amazon Connect agent workspace, including its permissions. This will allow you to inspect its state and determine which permissions were assigned to your app. Accessing its `permissions` property will return a list of strings, each representing a permissions that grants access to a set of events and requests. Performing an action, whether subscribing to an event or making a request, will fail if your app does not have the corresponding permission that grants the action. You may have to ask your account admin to assign the permissions required for your app to function. To review the full list of permissions assignable to apps, please see the admin guide.

Events

If your app uses the [Amazon Connect SDK](#) to subscribe to an event that it does not have permission for, the agent workspace will throw an error with a message formatted like below.

```
App attempted to subscribe to topic without permission - Topic {"key":  
<event_name>, "namespace": "aws.connect.contact"}`
```

Requests

If your app uses the [Amazon Connect SDK](#) to make a request that it does not have permission for, the agent workspace will throw an error with a message formatted like below.

```
App does not have permission for this request
```

Building third-party services in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

What is a third-party (3P) service?

third-party (3P) services are headless applications that customers can build and integrate into Amazon Connect agent workspace. Services begin running when the agent workspace loads and remain active throughout the agent workspace session. They can perform various background tasks and enhance the agent experience, such as:

- Listening to contact events: Services can monitor events like contact connection, disconnection, or entering After Contact Work (ACW) state.
- Launching applications: Services can automatically open specific applications based on certain triggers or conditions.
- Implementing custom authentication flows: Services can ensure users complete necessary authentication processes for third-party applications as soon as the agent workspace starts.

Why use a third-party service?

third-party services allow you to implement background processes and automate tasks throughout the agent workspace session. They provide powerful capabilities for establishing contact event listeners, enabling custom authentication flows, and managing other agent workspace-wide functionality.

Common use cases for 3P services

These are common use cases for third-party services:

- Automatically launch specific applications when an agent enters After Contact Work (ACW).
- Ensure critical applications are always running by automatically launching them during agent workspace startup.
- Control application visibility by automatically bringing specific apps into focus based on contact events or other triggers.

- Implement custom contact handling logic to determine what happens when agents accept or leave contacts.
- Manage authentication flows that need to run when the agent workspace loads.

Understanding when to use each option

When to use a third-party application

Choose a third-party application when you need:

- Features that can be opened and closed during the agent's workflow
- Functionality that needs to be visible and directly interactive for the agent

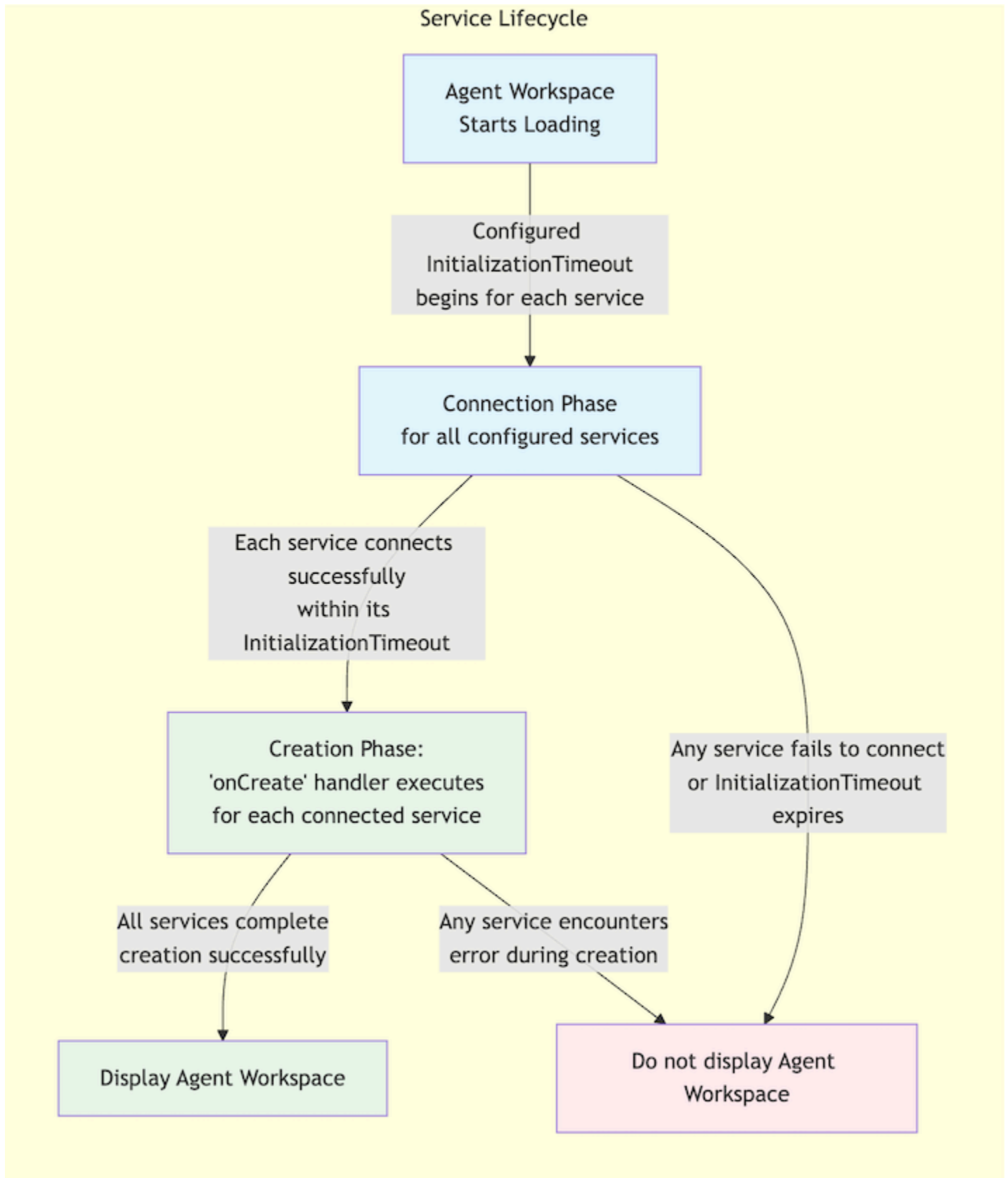
When to use a third-party service

Choose a third-party service when you need:

- To implement agent workspace-wide event listeners and handlers
- Automatic background processes that should run throughout the agent workspace session
- To automate tasks that don't require direct agent interaction
- To control the behavior and state of other applications in the agent workspace

Agent workspace startup process

Third-party services follow this process in the Amazon Connect agent workspace:



1. **Agent workspace startup:** When an agent logs in and the agent workspace starts loading, all configured services will begin their startup process.
 - a. The configured `InitializationTimeout` will be in effect until the third-party service has officially connected to the agent workspace.
2. **Agent workspace loading:** The agent workspace will not fully load and become accessible to the agent until all services have successfully connected.
3. **Service startup:** Once connected, the logic within the `onCreate` handler will begin to run.
4. **Service runtime:** Once created, services continue running for the remainder of the agent workspace session.

Important

Services directly impact the agent workspace startup process. If any service fails to start within its configured timeout, an error will be displayed which will prevent agents from accessing the agent workspace.

Creating a third-party service

Third-party service setup

Following the instructions here to properly integrate your service with the agent workspace. First, install the app package:

```
% npm install --save @amazon-connect/app
```

Note

If you do not use NPM, refer to [Using Amazon Connect SDK without package manager](#)

Then, add the following initialization code to your app:

```
import { AmazonConnectService } from "@amazon-connect/app";
```

```
const { provider } = AmazonConnectService.init({
  onCreate: (event) => {
    const { instanceId } = event.context;
    console.log('Service creation complete: ', instanceId);
  }
});
```

When building a third-party service:

1. Use `AmazonConnectService` from `@amazon-connect/app` to initialize your service
2. Complete all initialization within the timeout period (30 seconds)
 - a. This is a separate timeout from the `initializationTimeout` configured for the service
 - b. `initializationTimeout` is the time the agent workspace will wait for a service to successfully connect, before `onCreate` is triggered
3. Handle initialization failures to prevent agent workspace loading issues

Here is an example of proper initialization with timeout handling:

```
import { AmazonConnectService } from "@amazon-connect/app";

export function initService() {
  AmazonConnectService.init({
    onCreate: async (event) => {
      // This is where you set up your service's functionality
      // Add all of your service setup code here - examples include:
      // - Set up event listeners
      // - Establish connections
      // - Load configurations
      // - etc.
      let timeoutId: NodeJS.Timeout;

      const INIT_TIMEOUT = 25000; // 25 seconds
      const { context } = event;
      const { instanceId } = event.context;
      const provider = context.getProvider();

      const cleanup = () => {
        if (timeoutId) {
          clearTimeout(timeoutId);
        }
      };
    }
  });
}
```

```
    }
    // Add any other cleanup logic here
    // For example: close connections, remove event listeners, etc.
};

try {
  // Create a promise that will reject after the timeout
  const timeoutPromise = new Promise( (_, reject) => {
    timeoutId = setTimeout(() => {
      reject(new Error('Service creation timed out'));
    }, INIT_TIMEOUT);
  });

  // Race between your code and the timeout
  await Promise.race([
    executeServiceCode(),
    timeoutPromise
  ]);

  console.log('Service creation complete: ', instanceId);

} catch (error) {
  console.error('Service creation failed:', error);
  // Send fatal error to terminate the service
  provider.sendFatalError('Service creation failed');
} finally {
  cleanup();
}
});
}

async function executeServiceCode() {
  // Your service implementation goes here
  console.log('Executing service code');
}

initService();
```

AWS console setup

Create a new third-party service by creating a third-party application with the following settings either via APIs or in the AWS Console:

- `isService` set to `true`
 - An app that is configured as a service will be started when the agent workspace is loaded and will run hidden for the lifetime of the agent workspace. An application that runs as a service in the agent workspace must be integrated with the app Amazon Connect SDK package. If the service fails to start before the `InitializationTimeout`, then an error will be sent to agent workspace causing the agent workspace to fail
- Set a `InitializationTimeout` in milliseconds up to 10000 (10 seconds)
 - The `InitializationTimeout` parameter controls the maximum time allowed for the initial handshake/connection between the service and the agent workspace. This is required to be set for applications configured with `isService` to `true`.

The screenshot shows the 'Add application' page in the Amazon Connect console. The page is divided into several sections:

- Description - optional:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Description'.
- Application type:** Two radio buttons are present: 'Standard application' (unselected) and 'Service' (selected). Below 'Service' is the text: 'Services are always launched and run in the background without being visible.'
- Initialization timeout:** A text input field containing '5000'. Below it is the text: 'Initialization timeout must be a number between 1 and 10000 milliseconds.'
- Access:**
 - Access URL:** A text input field containing 'https://amazon.com'.
 - Approved origins - optional:** A text input field containing 'Example: https://myotherdomain.com'.
 - An 'Add' button is located below the 'Approved origins' field.

Service implementation patterns

third-party services can implement various patterns to extend the agent workspace functionality. The following examples demonstrate some of our key Amazon Connect SDK capabilities:

Launching an application on startup

```
import {
  AmazonConnectService,
  ServiceContext,
  ServiceCreatedEvent,
} from "@amazon-connect/app";
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";

const provider = AmazonConnectService.init({
  onCreate: onCreateHandler,
});

const onCreateHandler = async (event: ServiceCreatedEvent) => {
  const context: ServiceContext = event.context;
  console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Service created: `, context.instanceId);
  await registerEventHandlers();

  const appName = 'TargetAppName';
  console.log(`Launching app in ACW`, { event: contactEvent, appName: appName });
  const appControllerClient = new AppControllerClient(context.getProvider());

  // Get list of all applications available to the agent
  const apps: AppConfig[] = await appControllerClient.getAppCatalog();

  // Find your application by name
  const appArn = apps.find(
    (app) => app.name === appName
 )?.arn;

  if (!appArn) {
    throw new Error(`${appName} not found!`);
  }

  await appControllerClient.launchApp(appArn);
};
```

Contact event listening with application launching functionality

```
import {
```

```
AmazonConnectService,  
ServiceContext,  
ServiceCreatedEvent,  
} from "@amazon-connect/app";  
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";  
  
const provider = AmazonConnectService.init({  
  onCreate: onCreateHandler,  
});  
  
const onCreateHandler = async (event: ServiceCreatedEvent) => {  
  const context: ServiceContext = event.context;  
  console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Service created: `, context.instanceId);  
  await registerEventHandlers();  
  return Promise.resolve();  
};  
  
async function registerEventHandlers() {  
  const contactClient = new ContactClient(provider);  
  
  // Listen for connected contacts  
  contactClient.onConnected(async (contactEvent) => {  
    console.log(`Contact connected!`, { event: contactEvent });  
  });  
  
  // Listen for contacts that have entered After Contact Work (ACW)  
  contactClient.onStartingAcw(async (contactEvent) => {  
    const appName = 'TargetAppName';  
    console.log(`Launching app in ACW`, { event: contactEvent, appName: appName });  
    const appControllerClient = new AppControllerClient(provider);  
  
    // Get list of all applications available to the agent  
    const apps: AppConfig[] = await appControllerClient.getAppCatalog();  
  
    // Find your application by name  
    const appArn = apps.find(  
      (app) => app.name === appName  
    )?.arn;  
  
    if (!appArn) {  
      throw new Error(`${appName} not found!`);  
    }  
  
    await appControllerClient.launchApp(appArn);  
  });  
}
```

```
});

// Listen for contacts that are cleared
contactClient.onCleared(async (contactEvent) => {
  try {
    console.log(`Contact Cleared:`, { event: contactEvent, type:
contactEvent.type });
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(`Error handling incoming contact:`, { event: contactEvent, error:
error });
  }
});

// This is emitted when the service unsubscribes from the cleared event
contactClient.offCleared(async (contactEvent) => {
  console.log(`Contact no longer in the incoming state`, { event: contactEvent });
});
}
```

Authentication popup functionality

```
import { AmazonConnectService } from "@amazon-connect/app";
import { AppControllerClient } from "@amazon-connect/app-controller";
import { AppConfig } from "@amazon-connect/workspace-types";

interface IdpMessage {
  type: 'IDP_MESSAGE';
  payload: {
    message: string;
    timestamp: string;
  };
}

const SDK_LOG_PREFIX = '[TestService]';
const APP_NAME = 'TestApp'

const IDP_POPUP_CONFIG = {
  width: 600,
  height: 400,
  title: 'IDP Simulation'
};
```

```
let provider;

// Start the authentication service
export function initIDPService() {
  provider = AmazonConnectService.init({
    onCreate: onCreateHandler
  });
}

const onCreateHandler = async () => {
  console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Service running...`);

  try {
    // Start the authentication flow
    runIdpFlow();
  } catch(e) {
    // This reports an error in the auth flow but allows the service
    // to continue running.
    console.error(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} IDP flow failed:`, error);
  }

  console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Service creation complete`);
};

/**
 * Creates the IDP authentication popup
 * Returns a promise that resolves when authentication is complete
 * or rejects if authentication fails/times out
 */
export const initIdpSimulator = (): Promise<void> => {
  return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {

    // Clean up event listeners and timers
    const cleanup = () => {
      window.removeEventListener('message', handleIdpMessage);
    };

    // Handle messages received from the IDP popup
    const handleIdpMessage = async (event: MessageEvent<IdpMessage>) => {
      if (event.data.type === 'IDP_MESSAGE') {
        // Implementation for a successful authentication
        console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Message received from IDP:`,
          event.data.payload);
      }
    };
  });
};
```

```
    try {
      // Launch the application after successful authentication
      await launchApp(APP_NAME);
      console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Successfully launched app`);
      resolve();
    } catch (error) {
      console.error(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Failed to launch app:`, error);
      reject(error);
    } finally {
      cleanup();
    }
  }
};

// Open the authentication popup window
const openIdpPopup = () => {
  // https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Window/open
  const popup = window.open('/popup.html', // URL to your authentication page
    IDP_POPUP_CONFIG.title,
    `width=${IDP_POPUP_CONFIG.width},height=${IDP_POPUP_CONFIG.height}`
  );

  if (!popup) {
    cleanup();
    reject(new Error('Failed to open IDP popup'));
    return;
  }
};

// Listen for messages from the popup
window.addEventListener('message', handleIdpMessage);

// Open the popup
openIdpPopup();
});
};

/**
 * Manages the complete authentication flow
 * Handles errors and logging
 */
export const runIdpFlow = async () => {
  try {
```

```

    console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} Starting IDP flow...`);
    await initIdpSimulator();
    console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} IDP flow completed successfully`);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} IDP flow failed!`, error);
    throw error;
  }
};

/**
 * Launches the specified application using the AppController
 * Verifies the app exists in the catalog before attempting to launch
 */
export async function launchApp(targetAppName: string) {
  const appControllerClient = new AppControllerClient(provider);

  // Get list of all applications available to the agent
  const apps: AppConfig[] = await appControllerClient.getAppCatalog();
  console.log(`${SDK_LOG_PREFIX} App Catalog: `, apps);

  // Find your application by name
  const testAppArn = apps.find(
    (app) => app.name === targetAppName
  )?.arn;

  if (!testAppArn) {
    throw new Error(targetAppName + " not found!");
  }

  await appControllerClient.launchApp(testAppArn);
}

```

This is the HTML template for the authentication popup:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>IDP Simulation</title>
    <style>
      body {
        font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
        padding: 20px;

```

```
        background: #f5f5f5;
    }
    .container {
        background: white;
        padding: 20px;
        border-radius: 8px;
        box-shadow: 0 2px 10px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
    }
    button {
        padding: 10px 20px;
        margin: 5px;
        border: none;
        border-radius: 4px;
        cursor: pointer;
        background: #007bff;
        color: white;
    }
    button:hover {
        background: #0056b3;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
    <div class="container">
        <h2>IDP Simulation</h2>
        <p>Click the button below to simulate IDP authentication</p>
        <button id="authButton">Authenticate</button>
    </div>
    <script>
        // When authentication button is clicked, send success message
        // back to parent window
        document.getElementById('authButton').onclick = function() {
            window.opener.postMessage({
                type: 'IDP_MESSAGE',
                payload: {
                    message: 'User authenticated via IDP',
                    timestamp: new Date().toISOString()
                }
            }, '*');
            window.close();
        };
    </script>
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Best practices and recommendations

Service creation management

- Keep onCreate operations lightweight to ensure a reasonable loading time for Agents
 - Use Promise timeouts for any external API calls during initialization to ensure fail-fast behavior
- Handle service errors gracefully
 - Any uncaught error encountered during service initialization will be considered as a service failure, which will prevent agents from accessing the workspace

Authentication

- Prompt for Authentication during agent workspace startup with a third-party service
 - Begin authentication process without blocking service execution
 - Centralize authentication prompting in your service to avoid redundant implementations in your third-party applications
- Implement visual authentication interfaces (e.g., pop-ups) for agent interaction
- Set appropriate authentication timeouts to prevent infinite retry loops
- Ensure applications share the same origin as the third-party service

Service coordination

- Consolidate interdependent behaviors within a single service
 - For example, any applications launched on the startup of the agent workspace should be done by one service to ensure a consistent launch order for agents

Integrating AWS-managed applications with Amazon Connect Streams

This guide demonstrates how to integrate AWS-managed applications with your existing applications built using Amazon Connect Streams. This integration extends your custom agent application with AWS-managed applications from the Amazon Connect agent workspace. By embedding AWS-managed applications into your custom agent application, you can leverage their features without additional development effort, while maintaining control over application access through Security Profiles.

Amazon Connect Streams

Amazon Connect Streams is a JavaScript library that integrates the Contact Control Panel (CCP) and other agent functionality into existing web applications. This library enables you to embed the CCP user interface as well as handle agent and contact state events so that you can build a custom agent application. See the [Amazon Connect Streams documentation](#).

AWS-managed applications

Amazon Connect provides AWS-managed applications, such as [Worklist](#) that are accessible in the [Amazon Connect agent workspace](#).

Amazon Connect SDK

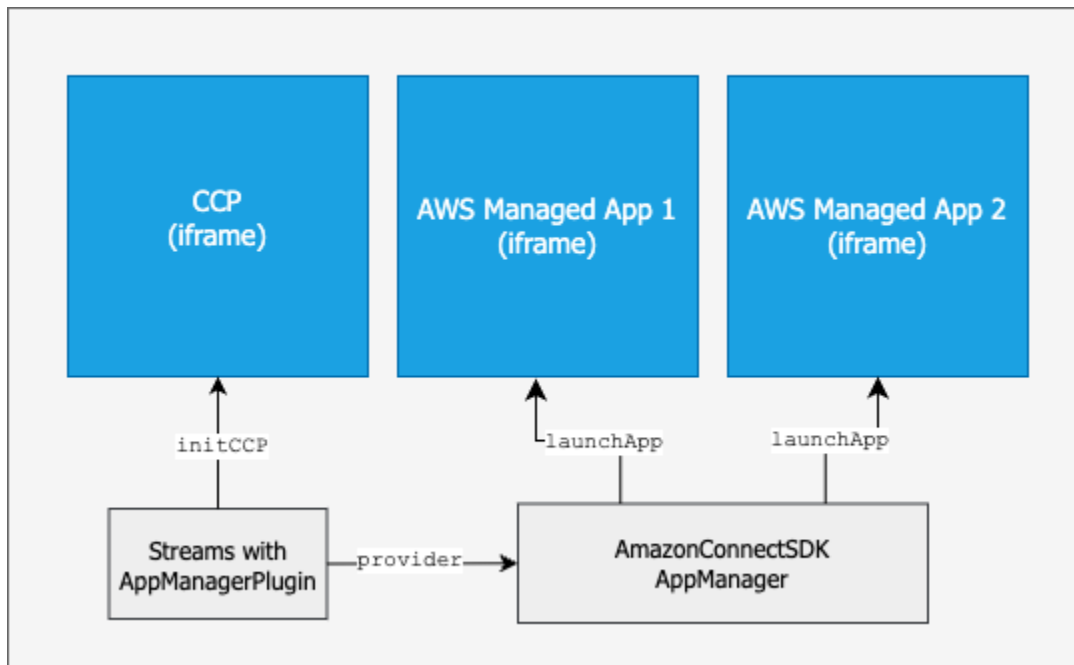
The Amazon Connect SDK is a collection of packages that helps you build applications that interact with and extend Amazon Connect's native functionality. See the [Amazon Connect SDK repository on GitHub](#).

AppManager

AppManager provides APIs to discover, launch, and manage AWS-managed applications. It's available within the Amazon Connect SDK `@amazon-connect/app-manager` package.

Integration architecture

The following diagram illustrates the components and integration flow for AWS-managed applications using Streams and AppManager.



Application launch follows this sequence:

1. Your web application initializes the CCP with the AppManager plugin.
2. The `launchApp` method in AppManager is invoked with the application name or Amazon Resource Name (ARN).
3. AppManager creates an `AppHost` object to manage the application instance.
4. An `iframe` element is provided to the `AppHost`.
5. AppManager configures the `iframe` with appropriate URL and security attributes.
6. The application loads and establishes secure communication.

Implementation guide

This section describes the steps to integrate AWS-managed applications using Streams and AppManager. The [Worklist](#) AWS-managed application is used for demonstration purposes.

Prerequisites

The following prerequisites are required:

- A working web application integrated with [Amazon Connect Streams](#) version 2.20 or above
- Security Profile [permissions configured](#) for the Worklist AWS-managed application

Step 1: Install required packages

Install the Amazon Connect AppManager package from npm into your web application:

```
npm install @amazon-connect/app-manager
```

Note

If you do not use NPM, refer to [Using Amazon Connect SDK without package manager](#)

Step 2: Add the AppManager plugin in CCP initialization

Update the existing CCP initialization code to include the AppManager plugin.

Before:

```
import "@amzn/amazon-connect-streams";

const containerElement = document.getElementById("ccp-container");
connect.core.initCCP(containerElement, {
  ccpUrl: "https://<connect-instance-alias>.my.connect.aws/ccp-v2/",
  // Other initialization parameters
});
```

After:

```
import "@amzn/amazon-connect-streams";
import "@amazon-connect/app-manager";
```

```
import { AppManagerPlugin } from "@amazon-connect/app-manager";

const containerElement = document.getElementById("ccp-container");
connect.core.initCCP(containerElement, {
  ccpUrl: "https://<connect-instance-alias>.my.connect.aws/ccp-v2/",
  // Other initialization parameters

  plugins: [AppManagerPlugin], // Enables AppManager
});

// Retrieve the provider for accessing AppManager
const provider = connect.core.getSDKClientConfig().provider;
```

Note

- The AppManager plugin is backward compatible and does not affect existing CCP functionality.
- Replace `<connect-instance-alias>` with your Amazon Connect instance alias.

Step 3: Embed a page for AWS-managed application

Add an `iframe` element to the desired location for displaying the Worklist AWS-managed application:

```
<iframe id="aws-app-iframe" height="1080px" width="1920px"/>
```

Important

AppManager configures the `iframe` source, do not manually set the `src` attribute in `iframe`.

Step 4: Launch AWS-managed application

Launch the Worklist AWS-managed application using the AppManager `launchApp` API:

```
// Launch the Worklist AWS-managed application
const appHost = await provider.appManager.launchApp("Worklist");

// Retrieve the iframe element for displaying the Worklist AWS-managed application
const awsAppIframe = document.getElementById("aws-app-iframe");

// AppManager uses the iframe to render the AWS-managed application
appHost.setIFrame(awsAppIframe);
```

Step 5: Build and deploy

After you build and deploy your web application, verify that the Worklist application is loaded in the iframe and available for usage.

Retrieve available applications

The `getAppCatalog` method retrieves applications available to the authenticated user. `AppManager` filters the list based on the user's Security Profile permissions. Use this method to verify if user has permission for the AWS-managed application prior to launching.

```
import { AppConfig } from "@amazon-connect/workspace-types";

// Retrieve applications filtered by Security Profile permissions
const applications: AppConfig[] = await appManager.getAppCatalog();
```

Application configuration properties:

Each `AppConfig` object contains the following properties:

- `arn` - Amazon Resource Name (ARN) that uniquely identifies the application
- `name` - Display name for the application

Note

This is not required if you know the name of the AWS-managed application that you want to launch and the user is guaranteed to have access.

Application lifecycle management

Application lifecycle management is essential when adding and removing applications throughout a page's life. If you launch an application once at startup and keep it open, lifecycle management is optional. However, if you launch and close apps as part of the user's workflow, then these lifecycle states help you create a better user experience.

Managing application lifecycle

Application creation begins after an iframe is set in the AppHost. You can subscribe to AppHost's `onCreated` event to control when the iframe appears to the user, though showing it during application creation has no functional impact.

AppManager handles application state transitions throughout the lifecycle. To close an application, invoke the `destroy` method on the AppHost object. The AppHost then emits lifecycle events (`onDestroying`, `onDestroyed`). Your web application handles these events to update the user interface accordingly.

The following table describes the application lifecycle states.

State	Description
Created	The application iframe is configured and secure communication is established. The application is ready for use. This state occurs immediately following successful <code>launchApp()</code> invocation.
Destroying	Application cleanup is in progress. The application is no longer usable. This state occurs after you invoke <code>destroy()</code> method.
Destroyed	The application is fully destroyed. This state occurs up to 5 seconds following the <code>destroy()</code> method invocation. The iframe can be safely removed from the DOM.

Important

When destroying an application, do not remove it from the Document Object Model (DOM) until the destruction process completes. You can hide it from users, but premature removal from the DOM might interrupt critical cleanup processes such as flushing log buffers or

saving state. The `onDestroyed` event indicates when it's safe to completely remove the application.

Application visibility states

When managing multiple applications, based on how you arrange them, some applications may not be visible at any given time. When an application is temporarily hidden, it's recommended to notify the application by invoking `stop()` on `AppHost` and then invoking `start()` when making it visible again.

State	Description
Started	The application is visible and actively synchronizing data.
Stopped	The application is not visible. Background operations are paused.

Handle lifecycle events

Implement application lifecycle event handlers to manage iframe visibility and cleanup operations:

```
// Handle destroying event
appHost.onDestroying((event) => {
  console.log(`Application ${appHost.config.name} is being destroyed`);

  // Hide the iframe as the application is no longer usable
  appIframe.style.display = "none";

  return Promise.resolve();
});

// Handle destroyed event
appHost.onDestroyed((event) => {
  console.log(`Application ${appHost.config.name} has been destroyed`);

  // Remove the iframe from the DOM
  appIframe.remove();

  return Promise.resolve();
});
```

```
});
```

Advanced configuration

Prevent duplicate application instances

When you launch an application multiple times, AppManager creates multiple application instances by default. You can use launch keys when starting applications to prevent multiple instances of the same application.

```
const launchOptions: AppLaunchOptions = {
  launchKey: 'Worklist-singleton'
};

// Returns existing instance if launch key matches a running application
const appHost = await appManager.launchApp("Worklist", launchOptions);
```

The launch key is a caller-generated value that prevents duplicate instances. When an application with a matching launch key is already running, AppManager returns the existing instance rather than creating a new instance and triggers `onAppHostFocused` event. This event could be leveraged to bring the application to focus when it's being launched again.

Dynamic application launch and management

AppManager provides `onAppHostAdded` and `onAppHostRemoved` notifications to indicate when a new application is launched or destroyed. These events could be leveraged to dynamically create and destroy iframes. For an example implementation, see [the section called “Dynamic application management”](#) section below.

Attach metadata to appHost

If you are managing iframes dynamically and want the storage of any application specific UI state or routing information in the AppHost, you can attach a custom JSON metadata at the time of application launch. This metadata is accessible in all event callbacks for application state management.

```
const launchOptions: AppLaunchOptions = {
  appManagerData: {
    // Custom JSON data
  }
};

const appHost = await appManager.launchApp("Worklist", launchOptions);

// Access the metadata
console.log("AppManagerData attached to AppHost", appHost.appManagerData);
```

Support Global Resiliency

Amazon Connect Global Resiliency features provide automatic failover between AWS Regions. When your Amazon Connect instance is configured for Global Resiliency, you should implement the following handlers to ensure agent workspace responsiveness to failover events:

```
// Handle pending failover events
connect.globalResiliency?.onFailoverPending(() => {
  // Destroy all applications before failover
  appManager.clearAll();
});

// Handle completed failover events
connect.globalResiliency?.onFailoverCompleted(() => {
  // Re-launch necessary applications following failover
  // Implementation depends on your state management approach
});
```

See [Set up Amazon Connect Global Resiliency](#) in the *Amazon Connect Administrator Guide*.

Example implementation of dynamic application management with React

The following example demonstrates how to dynamically manage AWS-managed applications in a React application. This implementation uses `onAppHostAdded` and `onAppHostRemoved` events to automatically update the user interface when applications are launched or destroyed. This example demonstrates how to position applications one after the other vertically on a web page.

Iframe container component

```
const IFrameAppContainer: React.FC<{ appHost: AppHost }> = ({ appHost }) => {
  const iframeRef = useRef<HTMLIFrameElement>(null);

  useEffect(() => {
    const iframe = iframeRef.current;
    if (iframe) {
      (appHost as IFrameAppHost).setIFrame(iframe);
    }
  }, [appHost]);

  const handleClose = (): void => {
    void appHost.destroy();
  };

  return (
    <div className="app-container">
      <div className="app-header">
        <h2>{appHost.config.name}</h2>
        <button onClick={handleClose}> Close </button>
      </div>
      <iframe ref={iframeRef} className="app-iframe" title={appHost.config.name} />
    </div>
  );
};
```

Application container component

```
const ApplicationContainer: React.FC<{provider: AmazonConnectProvider}>
= ({provider}) => {

  const [activeApps, setActiveApps] = useState<Set<AppHost>>(new Set());

  useEffect(() => {
    const appManager = provider.appManager;

    // Handle new applications being added
    const handleAppHostAdded = ({appHost}: AppHostAdded): Promise<void> => {
      setActiveApps((prevApps) => new Set(prevApps).add(appHost));
    };
  });
};
```

```
    return Promise.resolve();
  };

  // Handle applications being removed
  const handleAppHostRemoved = ({appHost}: AppHostRemoved): Promise<void> => {
    setActiveApps((prevApps) => {
      const newApps = new Set(prevApps);
      newApps.delete(appHost);
      return newApps;
    });

    return Promise.resolve();
  };

  // Register event handlers
  appManager.onAppHostAdded(handleAppHostAdded);
  appManager.onAppHostRemoved(handleAppHostRemoved);

  return () => {
    // Un-register event handlers
    appManager.offAppHostAdded(handleAppHostAdded);
    appManager.offAppHostRemoved(handleAppHostRemoved);
  }
}, [provider.appManager]);

return (
  <div className="application-container">
    {Array.from(activeApps).map((appHost) => (
      <IFrameAppContainer key={appHost.instanceId} appHost={appHost} />
    ))}
  </div>
);
};
```

Troubleshooting

This section describes common issues and resolutions when integrating AWS-managed applications.

Application launch failures

Symptoms

Applications fail to launch, display error messages, or the iframe remains blank.

Possible causes and solutions

- CCP not initialized:
 - Ensure the CCP is fully initialized before launching applications.
- Missing AppManager plugin:
 - Verify that the AppManager plugin is properly configured during CCP initialization.
- ```
connect.core.initCCP(container, {
 ccpUrl: instanceUrl,
 plugins: [AppManagerPlugin], // Required
});
```
- Security Profile permissions:
  - Confirm the user has necessary Security Profile permissions to access the applications.
- Cross-origin issues:
  - Verify that your domain is properly [allowlisted](#) in Amazon Connect.
  - Check the browser console for Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS) errors.
  - Ensure third-party cookies are not blocked in the browser settings.
- Iframe configuration:
  - Verify that iframes have the necessary permissions in `allow` and `sandbox` attributes.
  - Allow AppManager to configure the iframe. Do not manually set the `src` attribute.
- Content Security Policy (CSP):
  - Ensure CSP allows communication with Amazon Connect domains either via response headers or meta tags in the HTML head.

# Application not appearing in catalog

## Symptoms

The `getAppCatalog()` method returns an empty array or does not include expected applications.

## Possible causes and solutions

- Applications not enabled: Verify that the required applications are enabled in the Amazon Connect instance.
- Security Profile permissions: Confirm that the user has necessary Security Profile permissions to access the applications.

# Amazon Connect Agent Workspace API reference

This Amazon Connect agent workspace API reference enumerates the agent events, agent requests, contact events, and contact requests that are supported by the [Amazon Connect SDK](#).

## Contents

- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Activity API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Agent API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace AppController API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Contact API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Email API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace File API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Message Template API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Quick Responses API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace User API](#)
- [Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Voice API](#)

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Activity API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides a `SessionExpirationWarningClient` which serves as an interface that your app in the Amazon Connect agent workspace can use to subscribe to events related to session expiration due to inactivity and to signal the Amazon Connect that the agent is active.

The `SessionExpirationWarningClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the client as follows:

```
import { SessionExpirationWarningClient } from "@amazon-connect/activity";

const sessionExpirationWarningClient = new SessionExpirationWarningClient();
```

### Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, you can provide a constructor argument:

```
import { SessionExpirationWarningClient } from "@amazon-connect/activity";

const sessionExpirationWarningClient = new SessionExpirationWarningClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

The following sections describe the API calls for working with the SessionExpirationWarning API.

## Contents

- [Unsubscribe a callback function from the expiration warning event](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function from the expiration warning cleared event](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function from the session extension error event](#)
- [Subscribe to session expiration warning event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to expiration warning cleared event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to session extension errors in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Inform Amazon Connect that the agent is active](#)

## Unsubscribe a callback function from the expiration warning event

Unsubscribes a callback function from the expiration warning event that is triggered when the agent is nearing expiration due to inactivity.

## Signature

```
offExpirationWarning(handler: ExpirationWarningHandler);
```

## Usage

```
sessionExpirationWarningClient.offExpirationWarning(handler);
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function from the expiration warning cleared event

Unsubscribes a callback function from the expiration warning cleared event that is triggered when the expiration warning is dismissed due to the agent choosing to stay logged in.

## Signature

```
offExpirationWarningCleared(handler: ExpirationWarningClearedHandler);
```

## Usage

```
sessionExpirationWarningClient.offExpirationWarningCleared(handler);
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function from the session extension error event

Unsubscribes a callback function from the session extension error event that is triggered when the agent's session fails to update.

## Signature

```
offSessionExtensionError(handler: SessionExtensionErrorHandler);
```

## Usage

```
sessionExpirationWarningClient.offSessionExtensionError(handler);
```

## Subscribe to session expiration warning event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function to be invoked whenever the agent's session is about to expire due to inactivity.

### Signature

```
onExpirationWarning(handler: ExpirationWarningHandler);
```

### Usage

```
const handler: ExpirationWarningHandler = (data: SessionExpirationInformation) => {
 console.log("Agent's session expiring at:", data);
}

sessionExpirationWarningClient.onExpirationWarning(handler);

// SessionExpirationInformation Structure
{
 expiration: number;
}
```

## Subscribe to expiration warning cleared event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function to be invoked when the agent has acknowledged the expiration warning and chooses to update their session.

### Signature

```
onExpirationWarningCleared(handler: ExpirationWarningClearedHandler);
```

### Usage

```
const handler: ExpirationWarningClearedHandler = () => {
 console.log("My session was extended after I was warned!");
}

sessionExpirationWarningClient.onExpirationWarningCleared(handler);
```

## Subscribe to session extension errors in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function to be invoked when an attempt to extend the agent's session fails.

### Signature

```
onSessionExtensionError(handler: SessionExtensionErrorHandler);
```

### Usage

```
const handler: SessionExtensionErrorHandler = (details: SessionExtensionErrorData) => {
 console.log("Failed to extend my session!", details);
}

sessionExpirationWarningClient.onSessionExtensionError(handler);

// SessionExtensionErrorData Structure
{
 isWarningActive: boolean;
 errorDetails: Record<string, unknown>;
}
```

## Inform Amazon Connect that the agent is active

Sends a signal to the Amazon Connect indicating that the agent is active and should not be logged out. It takes a provider as a parameter.

### Signature

```
sendActivity(provider): void
```

### Usage

```
import { sendActivity } from '@amazon-connect/activity';

const handleActivity = () => {
 sendActivity(sampleProvider);
};
```

```
window.addEventListener("click", handleActivity);
```

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Agent API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `AgentClient` which serves as an interface that your app in the Amazon Connect agent workspace can use to subscribe to agent events and make agent data requests.

The `AgentClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { AgentClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";

const agentClient = new AgentClient({ provider });
```

### Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default `AmazonConnectProvider` and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { AgentClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
```

```
const agentClient = new AgentClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

The following sections describe API calls for working with the Agent API.

## Contents

- [Get the ARN of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the limit of contacts for the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the extension of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the name of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the routing profile of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the current state of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get all the availability states configured for the current agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the list of Quick Connect endpoints associated with a given queue in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribe from agent enabled channel list changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribe from agent routing profile changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to agent enabled channel list changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to agent routing profile changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Set the agent state with the given agent state ARN in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Set the agent state with the given agent state name in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Sets the agent state to Offline in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent state changes](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent state changes](#)

## Get the ARN of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the Amazon Resource Name(ARN) of the user that's currently logged in to the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

```
async getARN(): Promise<string>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Details.View
```

## Get the limit of contacts for the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns a map of ChannelType-to-number indicating how many concurrent contacts can an Amazon Connect agent workspace agent have on a given channel. 0 represents a disabled channel.

```
async getChannelConcurrency(): Promise<AgentChannelConcurrencyMap>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Get the extension of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns phone number of the agent currently logged in to the Amazon Connect agent workspace. This is the phone number that is dialed by the Amazon Connect to connect calls to the agent for incoming and outgoing calls if soft phone is not enabled.

```
async getExtension(): Promise<string | null>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Get the name of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the name of the user that's currently logged in to the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

```
async getName(): Promise<string>
```

### Permissions required:

```
User.Details.View
```

## Get the routing profile of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the routing profile of the agent currently logged in to the Amazon Connect agent workspace. The routing profile contains the following fields:

- `channelConcurrencyMap`: See agent. [Get the limit of contacts for the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#) for more info.
- `defaultOutboundQueue`: The default queue which should be associated with outbound contacts. See [queues](#) for details on properties.
- `name`: The name of the routing profile.
- `queues`: The queues contained in the routing profile. Each queue object has the following properties:
  - `name`: The name of the queue.
  - `queueARN`: The ARN of the queue.
  - `queueId`: Alias for `queueARN`.
- `routingProfileARN`: The routing profile ARN.
- `routingProfileId`: Alias for `routingProfileARN`.

```
async getRoutingProfile(): Promise<AgentRoutingProfile>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Get the current state of the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the Amazon Connect agent workspace agent's current `AgentState` object indicating their availability state type. This object contains the following fields:

- `agentStateARN`: The agent's current state ARN.
- `name`: The name of the agent's current availability state.
- `startTimestamp`: A `Date` object that indicates when the state was set.
- `type`: The agent's current availability state type, as per the `AgentStateType` enumeration. The different values are as follows:
  - `routable`
  - `not_routable`
  - `after_call_work`
  - `system`
  - `error`
  - `offline`

```
async getState(): Promise<AgentState>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Status.View
```

## Get all the availability states configured for the current agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Get all the availability states configured for the current agent.

### Signature

```
listAvailabilityStates(): Promise<AgentState[]>
```

### Usage

```
const availabilityStates: AgentState[] = await agentClient.listAvailabilityStates();
```

### Output - AgentState

| Parameter      | Type   | Description                                                                                  |
|----------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| agentStateARN  | string | Amazon Reference Number of agent state                                                       |
| type           | string | It could be "routable"   "not_routable"   "after_call_work"   "system"   "error"   "offline" |
| name           | string | Name of the agent state like Available or Offline                                            |
| startTimestamp | Date   | A Date object that indicates when the state was set.                                         |

### Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Get the list of Quick Connect endpoints associated with a given queue in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Get the list of Quick Connect endpoints associated with the given queue(s). Optionally you can pass in a parameter to override the default max-results value of 500.

### Signature

```
listQuickConnects(
 queueARNs: QueueARN | QueueARN[],
 options?: ListQuickConnectsOptions,
): Promise<ListQuickConnectsResult>
```

### Usage

```
const routingProfile: AgentRoutingProfile = await agentClient.getRoutingProfile();
const quickConnects: ListQuickConnectsResult = await
 agentClient.listQuickConnects(routingProfile.queues[0].queueARN);
```

### Input

| Parameter                 | Type              | Description                                                                |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| queueARNs <i>Required</i> | string   string[] | One or more Queue ARNs for which the Queue Connects need to be retrieved   |
| options.maxResults        | number            | The maximum number of results to return per page. The default value is 500 |
| options.nextToken         | string            | The token for the next set of results. Use the value                       |

| Parameter | Type | Description                                                                                |
|-----------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |      | returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results. |

### Output - ListQuickConnectsResult

| Parameter     | Type           | Description                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| quickConnects | QuickConnect[] | Its either AgentQuickConnect or QueueQuickConnect or PhoneNumberQuickConnect which contains endpointA RN and name. Additionally PhoneNumberQuickConnect contains phoneNumber |
| nextToken     | string         | If there are additional results, this is the token for the next set of results.                                                                                              |

### Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Unsubscribe from agent enabled channel list changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from EnabledChannelListChanged event.

### Signature

```
offEnabledChannelListChanged(handler: EnabledChannelListChangedHandler): void
```

## Unsubscribe from agent routing profile changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from RoutingProfileChanged event.

### Signature

```
offRoutingProfileChanged(handler: RoutingProfileChangedHandler): void
```

## Subscribe to agent enabled channel list changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Creates a subscription for EnabledChannelListChanged event. This gets triggered when an Agent's enabled channels get updated.

### Signature

```
const handler: EnabledChannelListChangedHandler = async (data:
 EnabledChannelListChanged) => {
 console.log("Agent channel list change occurred! " + data);
};

agentClient.onEnabledChannelListChanged(handler);

// EnabledChannelListChanged Structure
{
 enabledChannels: AgentRoutingProfileChannelTypes[];
 previous?: {
 enabledChannels: AgentRoutingProfileChannelTypes[];
 };
}
```

### Permissions required:

```
*
```

## Subscribe to agent routing profile changes in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Creates a subscription for RoutingProfileChanged event. This gets triggered when an Agent's routing profile gets updated.

### Signature

```
const handler: RoutingProfileChangedHandler = async (data: AgentRoutingProfileChanged) => {
 console.log("Agent routing profile change occurred! " + data);
};

agentClient.onRoutingProfileChanged(handler);

// AgentRoutingProfileChanged Structure
{
 routingProfile: AgentRoutingProfile;
 previous?: {
 routingProfile: AgentRoutingProfile;
 };
}
```

### Permissions required:

\*

## Set the agent state with the given agent state ARN in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Set the agent state with the given agent state ARN. By default, the promise resolves after the agent state is set in the backend. The response status is either updated or queued based on the current agent state.

### Signature

```
setAvailabilityState(
 agentStateARN: string,
```

```
) : Promise<SetAvailabilityStateResult>
```

## Usage

```
const availabilityStates: AgentState[] = await agentClient.listAvailabilityStates();
const availabilityStateResult: SetAvailabilityStateResult = await
 agentClient.setAvailabilityState(availabilityStates[0].agentStateARN);
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| agentStateARN <i>Required</i> | string | The ARN of the agent state |

## Output - SetAvailabilityStateResult

| Parameter | Type       | Description                                                                                              |
|-----------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| status    | string     | The status will be updated or queued depending on if the agent is currently handling an active contact.  |
| current   | AgentState | Reperesents the current state of the agent.                                                              |
| next      | AgentState | It'll be the target state if the agent is handling active contact. Applicable when the status is queued. |

## Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.Edit
```

# Set the agent state with the given agent state name in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Sets the agent state with the given agent state name. The promise resolves after the agent state is set in the backend. The response status is either updated or queued based on the current agent state.

## Signature

```
setAvailabilityStateByName(
 agentStateName: string,
): Promise<SetAvailabilityStateResult>
```

## Usage

```
const availabilityStateResult: SetAvailabilityStateResult = await
 agentClient.setAvailabilityStateByName('Available');
```

## Input

| Parameter                      | Type   | Description                 |
|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| agentStateName <i>Required</i> | string | The name of the agent state |

## Output - SetAvailabilityStateResult

| Parameter | Type       | Description                                                                                               |
|-----------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| status    | string     | The status will be "updated" or "queued" depends on if the agent is currently handling an active contact. |
| current   | AgentState | Reperesents the current state of the agent.                                                               |

| Parameter | Type       | Description                                                                                             |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| next      | AgentState | It'll be the target state if the agent is handling active contact. Applicable when the status is queued |

### Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.Edit
```

## Sets the agent state to Offline in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Sets the agent state to Offline. The promise resolves after the agent state is set in the backend.

### Signature

```
setOffline(): Promise<SetAvailabilityStateResult>
```

### Usage

```
const availabilityStateResult: SetAvailabilityStateResult = await
 agentClient.setOffline();
```

### Output - SetAvailabilityStateResult

| Parameter | Type       | Description                                                                                             |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| status    | string     | The status will be updated or queued depending on if the agent is currently handling an active contact. |
| current   | AgentState | Represents the current state of the agent.                                                              |

| Parameter | Type       | Description                                                                                              |
|-----------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| next      | AgentState | It'll be the target state if the agent is handling active contact. Applicable when the status is queued. |

### Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.Edit
```

## Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent state changes

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever an agent state changed event occurs in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
onStateChanged(handler: AgentStateChangedHandler)
```

### Usage

```
const handler: AgentStateChangedHandler = async (data: AgentStateChangedEventData) => {
 console.log("Agent state change occurred! " + data);
};

agentClient.onStateChanged(handler);

// AgentStateChangedEventData Structure
{
 state: string;
 previous: {
 state: string;
 };
};
```

```
}
```

### Permissions required:

```
User.Status.View
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace agent state changes

Unsubscribes the callback function from the agent stated change event in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
offStateChanged(handler: AgentStateChangedHandler)
```

### Usage

```
agentClient.offStateChanged(handler);
```

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace AppController API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `AppControllerClient` to control applications in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

The `AppControllerClient` accepts an optional argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
```

```
provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the `AppControllerClient` as follows:

```
import { AppControllerClient } from "@amazon-connect/app-controller";

const appControllerClient = new AppControllerClient({ provider });
```

The following sections describe API calls for working with the App Controller API.

## Contents

- [Close an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Focus an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get application information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the application catalog in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the application configuration in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get all active application information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Launch an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Close an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Closes the application for the given application instance ID in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
closeApp(instanceId: string): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await appControllerClient.closeApp(appInstanceId);
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                        |
|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| appInstanceId <i>Required</i> | string | The instance ID of the application |

## Permissions required:

```
*
```

## Focus an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Brings the application into focus in the Amazon Connect agent workspace for the given application instance ID.

## Signature

```
focusApp(instanceId: string): Promise<AppFocusResult>
```

## Usage

```
const applicationFocusResult: AppFocusResult = await
 appControllerClient.focusApp(appInstanceId);
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                        |
|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| appInstanceId <i>Required</i> | string | The instance ID of the application |

## Output - AppFocusResult

| Parameter  | Type                              | Description                                             |
|------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| instanceId | string                            | The AmazonResourceName (ARN) of the application         |
| result     | "queued"   "completed"   "failed" | Indicates if the request is queued, completed or failed |

### Permissions required:

\*

## Get application information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the application information for the given application instance ID in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
getApp(instanceId: string): Promise<AppInfo>
```

### Usage

```
const applicationInfo: AppInfo = await appControllerClient.getApp(appInstanceId);
```

### Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                        |
|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| appInstanceId <i>Required</i> | string | The instance ID of the application |

## Output - AppInfo

| Parameter      | Type                      | Description                                                                                                            |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| instanceId     | string                    | Unique ID of the application instance                                                                                  |
| config         | Config                    | The configuration of the application                                                                                   |
| startTime      | Date                      | Time when the application is launched                                                                                  |
| state          | AppState                  | Current state of the application                                                                                       |
| appCreateOrder | number                    | Sequentially incremented counter upon new application launches                                                         |
| accessUrl      | string                    | Access URL of the application                                                                                          |
| parameters     | AppParameters   undefined | Key value pair of parameters passed to the application                                                                 |
| launchKey      | string                    | A unique id to avoid duplicate application being launched with multiple invocation of launchApp API                    |
| scope          | ContactScope   IdleScope  | Indicates if the application is launched with idle i.e when there are no contacts or launched during an active contact |

### Permissions required:

\*

## Get the application catalog in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns all the applications that are available in the Amazon Connect agent workspace for the current logged-in user.

### Signature

```
getAppCatalog(): Promise<AppConfig[]>
```

### Usage

```
const applications: AppConfig[] = await appControllerClient.getAppCatalog();
```

### Output - AppConfig

| Parameter             | Type   | Description                                                          |
|-----------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| arn                   | string | The AmazonResourceName (ARN) of the application                      |
| namespace             | string | The immutable application namespace used at the time of registration |
| id                    | string | The unique identifier of the application                             |
| name                  | string | Name of the application                                              |
| description           | string | Description of the application                                       |
| accessUrl             | string | URL to access the application                                        |
| initializationTimeout | number | The maximum time allowed in milliseconds to establish                |

| Parameter             | Type                         | Description                                                  |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
|                       |                              | a connection with the workspace                              |
| contactHandling.scope | PER_CONTACT   CROSS_CONTACTS | Indicates whether the application refreshes for each contact |

### Permissions required:

\*

## Get the application configuration in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the application configuration for the given application ARN in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
getAppConfig(appArn: string): Promise<AppConfig>
```

### Usage

```
const applicationConfig: AppConfig = await appControllerClient.getAppConfig(arn);
```

### Input

| Parameter           | Type   | Description                |
|---------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| arn <i>Required</i> | string | The ARN of the application |

### Output - AppConfig

| Parameter             | Type                         | Description                                                           |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| arn                   | string                       | The AmazonResourceName (ARN) of the application                       |
| namespace             | string                       | The immutable application namespace used at the time of registration  |
| id                    | string                       | The unique identifier of the application                              |
| name                  | string                       | Name of the application                                               |
| description           | string                       | Description of the application                                        |
| accessUrl             | string                       | URL to access the application                                         |
| initializationTimeout | number                       | The maximum time allowed to establish a connection with the workspace |
| contactHandling.scope | PER_CONTACT   CROSS_CONTACTS | Indicates whether the application refreshes for each contact          |

#### Permissions required:

\*

## Get all active application information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the application information for all active application instances in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
getApps(): Promise<AppInfo[]>
```

## Usage

```
const applicationInfo: AppInfo[] = await appControllerClient.getApps();
```

## Output - AppInfo

| Parameter      | Type                      | Description                                                                                         |
|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| instanceId     | string                    | Unique ID of the application instance                                                               |
| config         | Config                    | The configuration of the application                                                                |
| startTime      | Date                      | Time when the application is launched                                                               |
| state          | AppState                  | Current state of the application                                                                    |
| appCreateOrder | number                    | Sequentially incremented counter upon new application launches                                      |
| accessUrl      | string                    | Access URL of the application                                                                       |
| parameters     | AppParameters   undefined | Key value pair of parameters passed to the application                                              |
| launchKey      | string                    | A unique id to avoid duplicate application being launched with multiple invocation of launchApp API |

| Parameter | Type                     | Description                                                                                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| scope     | ContactScope   IdleScope | Indicates if the application is launched with idle i.e when there are no contacts or launched during an active contact |

### Permissions required:

\*

## Launch an application in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Launch the application in the agent workspace for the given application ARN or name. It supports optional launch options to fine tune the launch behavior.

### Signature

```
launchApp(arnOrName: string, options?: AppLaunchOptions): Promise<AppInfo>
```

### Usage

```
const applicationsConfig: AppConfig[] = await appControllerClient.getAppCatalog();
const appInfo: AppInfo = await
 appControllerClient.launchApp(applicationsConfig[0].arn);
```

### Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                        |
|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| arnOrName <i>Required</i> | string | The ARN or name of the application |

| Parameter                | Type                     | Description                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| options.parameters       | AppParameters            | Key value pair of parameters passed to the application                                                                 |
| options.launchKey        | string                   | A unique id to avoid duplicate application being launched with multiple invocation of launchApp API                    |
| options.openInBackground | boolean                  | If set to true, the application won't be set to focus after its launched                                               |
| options.scope            | ContactScope   IdleScope | Indicates if the application is launched with idle i.e when there are no contacts or launched during an active contact |

## Output - AppInfo

| Parameter  | Type     | Description                           |
|------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| instanceId | string   | Unique ID of the application instance |
| config     | Config   | The configuration of the application  |
| startTime  | Date     | Time when the application is launched |
| state      | AppState | Current state of the application      |

| Parameter      | Type                      | Description                                                                                                            |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| appCreateOrder | number                    | Sequentially incremented counter upon new application launches                                                         |
| accessUrl      | string                    | Access URL of the application                                                                                          |
| parameters     | AppParameters   undefined | Key value pair of parameters passed to the application                                                                 |
| launchKey      | string                    | A unique id to avoid duplicate application being launched with multiple invocation of launchApp API                    |
| scope          | ContactScope   IdleScope  | Indicates if the application is launched with idle i.e when there are no contacts or launched during an active contact |

#### Permissions required:

\*

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Contact API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `ContactClient` which serves as an interface that your app in the Amazon Connect agent workspace can use to subscribe to contact events and make contact data requests.

The `ContactClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";
const contactClient = new ContactClient({ provider });
```

### Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { ContactClient } from "@amazon-connect/contact";

const contactClient = new ContactClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

The following sections describe API calls for working with the Contact API.

## Contents

- [Accept the incoming contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Add another participant to a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

- [Clears the contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Creates a subscription whenever a contact cleared event occurs in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact cleared event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is connected](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is connected](#)
- [Disconnect a participant from a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Engage the preview contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get specific attributes for a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the attributes of a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the type of contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get detailed contact information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the initial ID of the contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get specific participant information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get participant state in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get preview configuration for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the queue of the contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Get the duration of the contact state in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Check if contact is in preview mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [List all contacts for the current agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [List all participants for a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is missed](#)
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- [Unsubscribe from incoming contact events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to incoming contact events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to participant added events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

- [Unsubscribe from participant added events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to participant disconnected events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribe from participant disconnected events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to participant state change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact starts ACW](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact starts ACW](#)
- [Transfer a contact to another agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Accept the incoming contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Accept the incoming contact for the given contactId.

### Signature

```
accept(contactId: string): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await contactClient.accept(contactId);
```

### Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                                                     |
|---------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact to which a participant needs to be added. |

### Permissions required:

Contact.Details.Edit

## Add another participant to a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Add another participant to the contact. Multi-party only works for Voice at this time. For Voice, the existing participants will be put on hold when a new participant is added.

### Signature

```
addParticipant(
 contactId: string,
 quickConnect: QuickConnect,
): Promise<AddParticipantResult>
```

### Usage

```
const routingProfile: AgentRoutingProfile = await agentClient.getRoutingProfile();
const quickConnectResult: ListQuickConnectsResult = await
 agentClient.listQuickConnects(routingProfile.queues[0].queueARN);
const quickConnect: QuickConnect = quickConnectResult.quickConnects[1];
const addParticipantResult: AddParticipantResult = await
 contactClient.addParticipant(contactId, quickConnect);
```

### Input

| Parameter                    | Type         | Description                                                                                           |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i>    | string       | The id of the contact to which a participant needs to be added.                                       |
| quickConnect <i>Required</i> | QuickConnect | Its either AgentQuickConnect or QueueQuickConnect or PhoneNumberQuickConnect which contains endpointA |

| Parameter | Type | Description                                                            |
|-----------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |      | RN and name. Additionally PhoneNumberQuickConnect contains phoneNumber |

### Output - AddParticipantResult

| Parameter     | Type   | Description                           |
|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| participantId | string | The id of the newly added participant |

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.Edit
```

## Clears the contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Clears the contact for the given contactId.

### Signature

```
clear(contactId: string): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await contactClient.clear(contactId);
```

### Input

| Parameter                              | Type   | Description                                                     |
|----------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code> <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact to which a participant needs to be added. |

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.Edit
```

## Creates a subscription whenever a contact cleared event occurs in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

It creates a subscription whenever a contact cleared event occurs in Amazon Connect agent workspace. If no contact ID is provided, then it uses the context of the current contact that the 3P app was opened on.

**Signature**

```
onCleared(handler: ContactClearedHandler, contactId?: string)
```

**Usage**

```
const handler: ContactClearedHandler = async (data: ContactCleared) => {
 console.log("Contact cleared occurred! " + data);
};

contactClient.onCleared(handler);

// ContactCleared Structure
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact cleared event in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact cleared event in Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
offCleared(handler: ContactClearedHandler, contactId?: string)
```

### Usage

```
contactClient.offCleared(handler);
```

## Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is connected

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever a contact Connected event occurs in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. If no contact ID is provided, then it uses the context of the current contact that the 3P app was opened on.

### Signature

```
onConnected(handler: ContactConnectedHandler, contactId?: string)
```

### Usage

```
const handler: ContactConnectedHandler = async (data: ContactConnected) => {
 console.log("Contact Connected occurred! " + data);
};
```

```
contactClient.onConnected(handler);

// ContactConnected Structure
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is connected

Unsubscribes the callback function from Connected event in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

**Signature**

```
offConnected(handler: ContactConnectedHandler)
```

**Usage**

```
contactClient.offConnected(handler);
```

## Disconnect a participant from a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Disconnects a specific participant from the contact.

**Signature**

```
disconnectParticipant(participantId: string): Promise<void>
```

## Usage

```
await contactClient.disconnectParticipant("participant-456");
console.log("Participant disconnected");
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                                             |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant to disconnect |

## Permissions required:

\*

## Engage the preview contact for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

When an agent is previewing a preview contact, this API will actually initiate the outbound dial to the end customer, ending the preview experience.

## Signature

```
engagePreviewContact(contactId: string): Promise<AddParticipantResult>
```

## Usage

```
const addParticipantResult: AddParticipantResult = await
 contactClient.engagePreviewContact(contactId);
```

## Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                                                                                           |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact which is being previewed by the agent to which a participant needs to be added. |

## Output - AddParticipantResult

| Parameter     | Type   | Description                           |
|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| participantId | string | The id of the newly added participant |

## Permissions required:

\*

## Get specific attributes for a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the requested attribute associated with the contact in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

```
async getAttribute(
 contactId: string,
 attribute: string,
): Promise<string | undefined>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Attributes.View
```

## Get the attributes of a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns a map of the attributes associated with the contact in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace. Each value in the map has the following shape: { name: string, value: string }.

```
// example { "foo": { "name": "foo", "value": "bar" } }
```

```
getAttributes(
 contactId: string,
 attributes: ContactAttributeFilter,
) : Promise<Record<string, string>>
```

ContactAttributeFilter is either string[] of attributes or '\*'

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Attributes.View
```

## Get the type of contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Get the type of the contact in Amazon Connect agent workspace. This indicates what type of media is carried over the connections of the contact.

## Signature

```
getChannelType(contactId: string): Promise<ContactChannelType>
```

## Usage

```
const contactType: ContactChannelType = await contactClient.getChannelType(contactId);
```

## Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                                                     |
|---------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact to which a participant needs to be added. |

## Output - ContactChannelType

| Parameter | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| type      | string | The possible values are voice, queue_callback, chat, task, email                                                                                                                         |
| subtype   | string | For the types voice & queue_callback , it will be connect:Telephony   connect:WebRTC .<br><br>For the type chat, it will be connect:Chat   connect:SMS   connect:Apple   connect:Guide . |

| Parameter | Type | Description                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |      | For the type <code>task</code> , it will be <code>connect:Task</code> .<br><br>For the type <code>email</code> , it will be <code>connect:Email</code> . |

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Get detailed contact information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Retrieves detailed information for a specific contact by its ID.

### Signature

```
getContact(contactId: string): Promise<ContactData>
```

### Usage

```
const contactData = await contactClient.getContact("contact-123");
console.log(`Contact type: ${contactData.type}`);
console.log(`Queue: ${contactData.queue.name}`);
```

### Input

| Parameter                              | Type   | Description                           |
|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code> <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the contact |

## Output - ContactData

The ContactData interface includes:

- `contactId`: string - Unique identifier for the contact
- `type`: ContactType - Type of contact (voice, chat, task)
- `subtype`: string - Subtype providing additional classification
- `initialContactId?`: string - Initial contact ID for transferred contacts
- `queue`: Queue - Queue information

### Permissions required:

\*

## Get the initial ID of the contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the original (initial) contact id from which this contact was transferred in the Amazon Connect agent workspace, or none if this is not an internal Connect transfer. This is typically a contact owned by another agent, thus this agent will not be able to manipulate it. It is for reference and association purposes only, and can be used to share data between transferred contacts externally if it is linked by `originalContactId`.

```
async getInitialContactId(contactId: string): Promise<string | undefined>
```

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Get specific participant information in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Retrieves information for a specific participant.

## Signature

```
getParticipant(participantId: string): Promise<ParticipantData>
```

## Usage

```
const participant = await contactClient.getParticipant("participant-456");
console.log(`Participant type: ${participant.type.value}`);
console.log(`Is initial: ${participant.isInitial}`);
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                               |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant |

## Output - ParticipantData

Returns a ParticipantData object with participant details.

### Permissions required:

\*

## Get participant state in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Retrieves the current state of a specific participant.

## Signature

```
getParticipantState(participantId: string): Promise<ParticipantState>
```

## Usage

```
const state = await contactClient.getParticipantState("participant-456");
if (state.value === "connected") {
 console.log("Participant is connected");
} else if (state.value === "hold") {
 console.log("Participant is on hold");
}
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                               |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant |

## Output - ParticipantState

The ParticipantState type can be:

- { value: ParticipantStateType } where ParticipantStateType includes: connecting, connected, hold, disconnected, rejected, silent\_monitor, barge
- { value: "other"; actual: string } for unknown states

## Permissions required:

\*

## Get preview configuration for the given contactId in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

This gets configuration information related to the preview experience.

## Signature

```
getPreviewConfiguration(contactId: string): Promise<GetPreviewConfigurationResponse>
```

## Usage

```
const isPreview = await contactClient.isPreviewMode(contactId);
if (isPreview) {
 const {autoDialTimeout, canDiscardPreview} = await
 contactClient.getPreviewConfiguration(contactId);
}
```

## Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                                |
|---------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact which is in preview. |

## Output - GetPreviewConfigurationResponse

| Parameter         | Type    | Description                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| autoDialTimeout   | number  | The number of seconds the agent has to preview the contact before the auto-dial triggers.                                         |
| canDiscardPreview | boolean | Whether the agent has permission to discard the contact during preview. Use this to control whether the agent should be presented |

| Parameter | Type | Description                                                         |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |      | the option to discard the contact without dialing the end customer. |

**Permissions required:**

```
*
```

## Get the queue of the contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the queue associated with the contact in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. The Queue object has the following fields:

- name: The name of the queue.
- queueARN: The ARN of the queue.
- queueId: Alias for queueARN.

```
async getQueue(contactId: string): Promise<Queue>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Get the timestamp of the contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns a Date object with the timestamp associated with when the contact was placed in the queue in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

```
async getQueueTimestamp(contactId: string): Promise<Date | undefined>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Get the duration of the contact state in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the duration of the contact state in milliseconds relative to local time, in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. This takes into account time skew between the JS client and the Amazon Connect backend servers.

```
async getStateDuration(contactId: string): Promise<number>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Check if contact is in preview mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns whether the contact is being previewed. During this time, calling `engagePreviewContact` will trigger the outbound dial to the end customer and end preview mode.

**Signature**

```
isPreviewMode(contactId: string): Promise<boolean>
```

## Usage

```
const isPreviewMode = await contactClient.isPreviewMode(currentContactId);
```

## Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description            |
|---------------------------|--------|------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact. |

## Permissions required:

\*

## List all contacts for the current agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Lists all contacts for the current agent.

## Signature

```
listContacts(): Promise<ListContactsResult>
```

## Usage

```
const contacts = await contactClient.listContacts();
console.log(`Active contacts: ${contacts.length}`);
contacts.forEach((contact) => {
 console.log(`Contact ${contact.contactId}: ${contact.type}`);
});
```

## Output - ListContactsResult

Returns an array of contact data objects (currently typed as CoreContactData[]).

### Permissions required:

```
*
```

## List all participants for a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Retrieves all participants associated with a specific contact.

### Signature

```
listParticipants(contactId: string): Promise<ParticipantData[]>
```

### Usage

```
const participants = await contactClient.listParticipants("contact-123");
participants.forEach((p) => {
 console.log(`Participant ${p.participantId}: ${p.type.value}`);
 if (p.isSelf) {
 console.log("This is the current user");
 }
});
```

### Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                           |
|---------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the contact |

## Output - ParticipantData[]

The ParticipantData interface includes:

- `participantId`: string - Unique identifier for the participant
- `contactId`: string - Contact this participant belongs to
- `type`: ParticipantType - Type of participant (agent, outbound, inbound, monitoring, other)
- `isInitial`: boolean - Whether this is the initial participant
- `isSelf`: boolean - Whether this participant is associated with the current user

#### Permissions required:

\*

## Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is missed

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever a contact missed event occurs in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. If no contact ID is provided, then it uses the context of the current contact that the 3P app was opened on.

#### Signature

```
onMissed(handler: ContactMissedHandler, contactId?: string)
```

#### Usage

```
const handler: ContactMissedHandler = async (data: ContactMissed) => {
 console.log("Contact missed occurred! " + data);
};

contactClient.onMissed(handler);

// ContactMissed Structure
```

```
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

**Permissions required:**

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact is missed

Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact missed event.

**Signature**

```
offMissed(handler: ContactMissedHandler, contactId?: string)
```

**Usage**

```
contactClient.offMissed(handler);
```

## Unsubscribe from incoming contact events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact incoming event in Amazon Connect agent workspace.

**Signature**

```
offIncoming(handler: ContactIncomingHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

## Usage

```
contactClient.offIncoming(handler);
```

## Subscribe to incoming contact events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Creates a subscription whenever a new incoming event occurs in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

## Signature

```
onIncoming(handler: ContactIncomingHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

## Usage

```
const handler: ContactIncomingHandler = async (data: ContactIncoming) => {
 console.log("Contact incoming occurred! " + data);
};

contactClient.onIncoming(handler);

// ContactIncoming Structure
{
 contactId: string;
 initialContactId: string | undefined;
 type: ContactChannelType["type"];
 subtype: ContactChannelType["subtype"];
}
```

## Permissions required:

\*

## Subscribe to participant added events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to participant added events. This event fires when a new participant joins a contact.

### Signature

```
onParticipantAdded(handler: ParticipantAddedHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

### Usage

```
const handleParticipantAdded = (event) => {
 console.log(`New participant added: ${event.participant.participantId}`);
 console.log(`Type: ${event.participant.type.value}`);
};

// Subscribe to all contacts
contactClient.onParticipantAdded(handleParticipantAdded);

// Or subscribe to a specific contact
contactClient.onParticipantAdded(handleParticipantAdded, "contact-123");
```

### Input

| Parameter               | Type                    | Description                                                 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantAddedHandler | Event handler function to call when participants are added  |
| contactId               | string                  | Optional contact ID to filter events for a specific contact |

### Event Structure - ParticipantAdded

The handler receives a ParticipantAdded event with:

- `participant`: ParticipantData - The participant that was added

#### Permissions required:

\*

## Unsubscribe from participant added events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from participant added events.

#### Signature

```
offParticipantAdded(handler: ParticipantAddedHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

#### Usage

```
contactClient.offParticipantAdded(handleParticipantAdded);
```

#### Input

| Parameter                            | Type                    | Description                                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>handler</code> <i>Required</i> | ParticipantAddedHandler | Event handler function to remove                                |
| <code>contactId</code>               | string                  | Optional contact ID to unsubscribe from specific contact events |

# Subscribe to participant disconnected events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to participant disconnected events. This event fires when a participant leaves or is removed from a contact.

## Signature

```
onParticipantDisconnected(handler: ParticipantDisconnectedHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

## Usage

```
const handleParticipantDisconnected = (event) => {
 console.log(`Participant disconnected: ${event.participant.participantId}`);
};

contactClient.onParticipantDisconnected(
 handleParticipantDisconnected,
 "contact-123"
);
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                           | Description                                                 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantDisconnectedHandler | Event handler function to call when participants disconnect |
| contactId               | string                         | Optional contact ID to filter events for a specific contact |

## Event Structure - ParticipantDisconnected

The handler receives a ParticipantDisconnected event with:

- **participant**: ParticipantData - The participant that was disconnected

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Unsubscribe from participant disconnected events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from participant disconnected events.

### Signature

```
offParticipantDisconnected(handler: ParticipantDisconnectedHandler, contactId?: string): void
```

### Usage

```
contactClient.offParticipantDisconnected(handleParticipantDisconnected);
```

### Input

| Parameter                      | Type                           | Description                                                     |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>handler</i> <b>Required</b> | ParticipantDisconnectedHandler | Event handler function to remove                                |
| <i>contactId</i>               | string                         | Optional contact ID to unsubscribe from specific contact events |

# Subscribe to participant state change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to participant state change events. This event fires when a participant's state changes (e.g., from connecting to connected, or to hold).

## Signature

```
onParticipantStateChanged(handler: ParticipantStateChangedHandler, participantId?: string): void
```

## Usage

```
const handleStateChanged = (event) => {
 console.log(
 `Participant ${event.participantId} state changed to: ${event.state.value}`
);

 if (event.state.value === "connected") {
 console.log("Participant is now connected");
 } else if (event.state.value === "hold") {
 console.log("Participant is now on hold");
 }
};

// Subscribe to all participants
contactClient.onParticipantStateChanged(handleStateChanged);

// Or subscribe to a specific participant
contactClient.onParticipantStateChanged(handleStateChanged, "participant-456");
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                           | Description                                                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantStateChangedHandler | Event handler function to call when participant states change       |
| participantId           | string                         | Optional participant ID to filter events for a specific participant |

### Event Structure - ParticipantStateChanged

The handler receives a ParticipantStateChanged event with:

- participantId: string - The ID of the participant whose state changed
- state: ParticipantState - The new state of the participant

#### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact starts ACW

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever a contact StartingAcw event occurs in the Amazon Connect agent workspace. If no contact ID is provided, then it uses the context of the current contact that the 3P app was opened on.

#### Signature

```
onStartingAcw(handler: ContactStartingAcwHandler, contactId?: string)
```

#### Usage

```
const handler: ContactStartingAcwHandler = async (data: ContactStartingAcw) => {
 console.log("Contact StartingAcw occurred! " + data);
};

contactClient.onStartingAcw(handler);

// ContactStartingAcw Structure
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.View
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace contact starts ACW

Unsubscribes the callback function from the contact StartingAcw event in the Amazon Connect agent workspace.

### Signature

```
offStartingAcw(handler: ContactStartingAcwHandler, contactId?: string)
```

### Usage

```
contactClient.offStartingAcw(handler);
```

## Transfer a contact to another agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Performs a cold transfer by transferring the given contact to another agent using a quick connect and disconnecting from the contact. The quick connect type has to be either agent or queue. Supports voice, chat, task, and email channels.

### Signature

```
transfer(
 contactId: string,
 quickConnect: AgentQuickConnect | QueueQuickConnect,
): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
const routingProfile: AgentRoutingProfile = await agentClient.getRoutingProfile();
const quickConnectResult: ListQuickConnectsResult = await
 agentClient.listQuickConnects(routingProfile.queues[0].queueARN);
const quickConnect: QuickConnect = quickConnectResult.quickConnects[1];
await contactClient.transfer(contactId, quickConnect);
```

### Input

| Parameter                                 | Type         | Description                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code> <i>Required</i>    | string       | The id of the contact to which a participant needs to be added. |
| <code>quickConnect</code> <i>Required</i> | QuickConnect | Its either AgentQuickConnect or QueueQuickConnect               |

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.Edit
```

# Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Email API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `EmailClient` which serves as an interface that your app can use to subscribe to email contact events and make email contact requests.

The `EmailClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { EmailClient } from "@amazon-connect/email";

const emailClient = new EmailClient({ provider });
```

## Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default `AmazonConnectProvider` and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { EmailClient } from "@amazon-connect/email";

const emailClient = new EmailClient({
 context: sampleContext,
```

```
 provider: sampleProvider
 });
```

### Note

Third-party applications must be configured with Cross Contact scope in order to utilize the EmailClient APIs, and \* permission is required.

The following sections describe API calls for working with the Email API.

## Contents

- [Subscribe to accepted email notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribe from accepted email notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Create a draft email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to draft email creation notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Unsubscribe from draft email creation notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the metadata for an email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get a list of email contacts in an email contact's tree in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Send a draft email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Subscribe to accepted email notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever an inbound email contact has been accepted.

### Signature

```
onAcceptedEmail(handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId> contactId?: string): void
```

### Usage

```
const handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId> = async (emailContact:
 EmailContactId) => {
 const { contactId } = emailContact;
 console.log(`Accepted Email Contact with Id: ${contactId}`);
}

emailClient.onAcceptedEmail(handler);

// EmailContactId Structure
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

## Unsubscribe from accepted email notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes a callback function from the event that is fired when an inbound email contact is accepted.

### Signature

```
offAcceptedEmail(handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId>, contactId?: string):
 void
```

### Usage

```
emailClient.offAcceptedEmail(handler);
```

## Create a draft email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Creates a draft outbound email contact; can either be an agent initiated outbound draft email or an agent reply draft email. Upon successful draft creation, the email contact will be in connected state. Returns an object that includes:

- `contactId: string`: The contact id of the newly created draft email contact

### Signature

```
createDraftEmail(contactCreation: CreateDraftEmailContact): Promise<EmailContactId>
```

## CreateDraftEmailContact Properties

| Parameter               | Type                                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| initiationMethod        | "AGENT_REPLY"   "OUTBOUND"                       | "OUTBOUND" indicates that this draft email is the start of a new email conversation; "AGENT_REPLY" indicates that this draft email is being sent in response to an incoming email contact                               |
| relatedContactId        | string                                           | The id of the contact that is the reason for creating the new draft email; this is required when initiationMethod="AGENT_REPLY" and should be the contact id of the email that this email is being sent in response to. |
| expiryDurationInMinutes | number                                           | Length of time before an unsent contact expires; Minimum is 1 minute, Maximum is 1 week; Default is 12 hours.                                                                                                           |
| attributes              | Record<string, string>                           | A custom key-value pair using an attribute map. The attributes are standard Amazon Connect attributes, and can be accessed in flows just like any other contact attributes.                                             |
| references              | Record<string, { type: string; value: string; }> | Well-formed data on a contact, used by agents to complete a contact request.                                                                                                                                            |

## Usage for Agent Initiated Outbound

```
const contact: EmailContactId = await emailClient.createDraftEmail({
 initiationMethod: "OUTBOUND",
});

const { contactId } = contact;
```

## Usage for Agent Reply

```
const acceptedInboundEmailContactId = "exampleContactId";

const contact: EmailContactId = await emailClient.createDraftEmail({
 initiationMethod: "AGENT_REPLY",
 relatedContactId: acceptedInboundEmailContactId,
});

const { contactId } = contact;
```

## Subscribe to draft email creation notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever a draft email contact has been created.

### Signature

```
onDraftEmailCreated(handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId>, contactId?: string):
void
```

### Usage

```
const handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId> = async (emailContact:
EmailContactId) => {
 const { contactId } = emailContact;
 console.log(`Draft Email Contact Created with Id: ${contactId}`);
}

emailClient.onDraftEmailCreated(handler);
```

```
// EmailContactId Structure
{
 contactId: string;
}
```

## Unsubscribe from draft email creation notifications in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes a callback function from the event that is fired when a draft email contact is created.

### Signature

```
offDraftEmailCreated(handler: SubscriptionHandler<EmailContactId>, contactId?: string): void
```

### Usage

```
emailClient.offDraftEmailCreated(handler);
```

## Get the metadata for an email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the metadata for an email contact id while handling an active contact. The `activeContactId` is the id of the email contact the agent is actively viewing while `contactId` is the id of the email contact whose metadata should be retrieved.

### Signature

```
getEmailData({ contactId, activeContactId }: { contactId: string; activeContactId: string; }): Promise<EmailContact>
```

### Output - *EmailContact Properties*

| Parameter               | Type   | Description                  |
|-------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code>  | string | The id of the email contact  |
| <code>contactArn</code> | string | The ARN of the email contact |

| Parameter            | Type           | Description                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactAssociationId | string         | The root contactId which is used as a unique identifier for all subsequent contacts in a contact tree. Use this value with the EmailClient.getEmailThread api. |
| relatedContactId     | string         | This contact is in response or related to the specified related contact.                                                                                       |
| initialContactId     | string         | If this contact is related to other contacts, this is the id of the initial contact.                                                                           |
| subject              | string         | The subject of the email                                                                                                                                       |
| from                 | EmailAddress   | An object that includes the from email address; this value could be undefined when the email contact has not been sent.                                        |
| to                   | EmailAddress[] | An array of objects, each including an email address the email contact was sent to                                                                             |
| cc                   | EmailAddress[] | An array of objects, each including an email address that was carbon copied on the email contact                                                               |

| Parameter           | Type                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| deliveredTo         | EmailAddress            | An object that includes the email address associated with Amazon Connect that received this message; this is only applicable when direction=INBOUND.                                       |
| direction           | "INBOUND"   "OUTBOUND"  | INBOUND means the email contact was delivered to Amazon Connect; OUTBOUND means the email contact is from Amazon Connect                                                                   |
| bodyLocation        | EmailArtifactLocation   | An object that includes the id and associated resource ARN of the file that the email contact's body is stored in; this value could be undefined when the email contact has not been sent. |
| attachmentLocations | EmailArtifactLocation[] | An array of objects, each including the id and associated resource ARN, of files that have been attached to the email contact                                                              |

## EmailAddress Properties

| Parameter    | Type   | Description       |
|--------------|--------|-------------------|
| emailAddress | string | The email address |

| Parameter   | Type   | Description                                               |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| displayName | string | The name that is displayed inside the recipient's mailbox |

## EmailArtifactLocation Properties

| Parameter             | Type   | Description                                                          |
|-----------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| fileId                | string | The id of the attached file                                          |
| associatedResourceArn | string | The Amazon Connect resource to which the attached file is related to |

## Usage

```

const activeContactId: string = "exampleActiveContactId"; // The contact the agent is
 actively handling
const contactId: string = "contactIdToDescribe"; // The email contact id whose metadata
 should be retrieved

const emailMetadata: EmailContact = await emailClient.getEmailData({ contactId,
 activeContactId });

// Get the body of the email through the File Client
const bodyLocation = emailMetadata.bodyLocation;
if (bodyLocation) {
 const body: DownloadableAttachment = await fileClient.getAttachedFileUrl({
 attachment: bodyLocation,
 activeContactId,
 });

 const { downloadUrl } = body;
 const response: Response = await fetch(downloadUrl, { method: "GET" });
 const bodyContent: string = (await response.json()).messageContent;
}

```

**Note**

The EmailContact object will contain bodyLocation and attachmentLocations, both of which will require use of the FileClient's getAttachedFileUrl to get the relevant data for those objects.

## Get a list of email contacts in an email contact's tree in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns an array of EmailThreadContact objects (for the provided contactAssociationId) that represent that contact's email thread. The contactAssociationId is the root contact id which is used as a unique identifier for all subsequent contacts in a contact tree. Returns an object that includes:

- **contacts:** EmailThreadContact[]: an array of EmailThreadContact objects, each an email contact in the thread
- **nextToken?:** string: The token for the next set of results; use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results

### Signature

```
getEmailThread(getEmailThreadParams: GetEmailThreadParams): Promise<{ contacts:
 EmailThreadContact[]; nextToken?: string; }>
```

### EmailThreadContact Properties

| Parameter         | Type   | Description                                                                       |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId         | string | The id of the email contact                                                       |
| contactArn        | string | The ARN of the email contact                                                      |
| previousContactId | string | If this contact is not the first contact, this is the ID of the previous contact. |

| Parameter           | Type             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| initialContactId    | string           | If this contact is related to other contacts, this is the ID of the initial contact.                                                                                                                                         |
| relatedContactId    | string           | The contactId that is related to this contact.                                                                                                                                                                               |
| initiationMethod    | string           | Indicates how the contact was initiated; Supported values: "INBOUND", "OUTBOUND", "AGENT_REPLY", or "TRANSFER"                                                                                                               |
| initiationTimestamp | Date             | The date and time this contact was initiated, in UTC time.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| disconnectTimestamp | Date   undefined | The date and time that the customer endpoint disconnected from the current contact, in UTC time. In transfer scenarios, the DisconnectTimestamp of the previous contact indicates the date and time when that contact ended. |

### GetEmailThreadParams Properties

| Parameter            | Type   | Description                                       |
|----------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------|
| contactAssociationId | string | The contact association id to get the thread for. |

| Parameter  | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| maxResults | number | The max number of email threads to return; Default is 100. Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.                                            |
| nextToken  | string | The token for the next set of results. Use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results. |

## Usage

```
const inboundEmailData = await emailClient.getEmailData({
 contactId: sampleContactId, // The inbound email contact you've accepted (or is
 still connecting)
 activeContactId: sampleContactId, // The email contact you're actively working; in
 this example, its the same as the accepted inbound email
});

const emailThreadContacts = await emailClient.getEmailThread({
 contactAssociationId: inboundEmailData.contactAssociationId,
});

// OPTIONAL: Filter out contacts that have been transferred to avoid displaying
// duplicated email content
const previousContactIdsSet = new Set(
 emailThreadContacts
 .map(emailThreadContact => emailThreadContact.previousContactId)
 .filter(Boolean)
);

const filteredEmailContactsInEmailThread = emailThreadContacts.filter(emailContact =>
 emailContact.contactId === sampleContactId ||
 !previousContactIdsSet.includes(emailContact.contactId)
);
```

**Note**

Each time an email contact is transferred, a new contact ID is created with `initiationMethod === 'TRANSFER'` and its `previousContactId` is the contact id before the transfer. You may optionally filter out these transferred contacts to avoid duplicate content when rendering the email thread.

## Send a draft email contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Sends both agent initiated and agent reply draft email contacts. Upon successfully sending the email, the contact will transition to ENDED state.

### Signature

```
sendEmail(emailContact: DraftEmailContact): Promise<void>
```

### DraftEmailContact Properties

| Parameter    | Type           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| to           | EmailAddress[] | An array of destination email addresses; max length supported is 1                                                                                                                               |
| emailContent | EmailContent   | The content of the email                                                                                                                                                                         |
| from         | EmailAddress   | The email contact will be sent from this email address; if no from address is provided in the request, the queue MUST have a default email address specified in the Outbound email configuration |
| cc           | EmailAddress[] | Additional recipients to receive a carbon copy of the                                                                                                                                            |

| Parameter | Type   | Description                       |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------------------|
|           |        | email; Max length supported is 10 |
| contactId | string | The id of the draft email contact |

### EmailAddress Properties

| Parameter    | Type   | Description                                               |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| emailAddress | string | The email address                                         |
| displayName  | string | The name that is displayed inside the recipient's mailbox |

### EmailContent Properties

| Parameter | Type                       | Description                                                           |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| subject   | string                     | The email contact's subject                                           |
| body      | string                     | The body/content of the email, either in plain text or HTML           |
| bodyType  | "text/plain"   "text/html" | The body type of the email; can either be "text/plain" or "text/html" |

### Error Handling

When sending draft emails, agents may encounter issues. The `@amazon-connect/email` library provides methods to handle common errors:

- `isOutboundEmailAddressNotConfiguredError()`: Handle errors when the routing profile's default outbound queue does not have a default outbound email address and the `sendEmail()` request does not include a from address.
- `isEmailBodySizeExceededError()`: Handle errors when the size of the email body exceeds the limit.
- `isTotalEmailSizeExceededError()`: Handle errors when the total size of the email (email body and all attachments) exceeds the limit.

## Usage

```
import {
 isOutboundEmailAddressNotConfiguredError,
 isEmailBodySizeExceededError,
 isTotalEmailSizeExceededError,
} from "@amazon-connect/email";

/* ... */

const toEmailAddress = {
 emailAddress: sampleRecipientAddress,
};

const emailContent = {
 subject: "Hello!",
 body: "Thank you!",
 bodyType: "text/plain",
}

const draftContact = {
 to: [toEmailAddress]
 emailContent,
 contactId: draftContactId, // This is the contact ID of the draft contact created via
 createDraftEmail()
};

try {
 await emailClient.sendEmail(draftContact);
} catch (e) {
 if (isOutboundEmailAddressNotConfiguredError(e)) {
```

```
// Handle error when the routing profile's default outbound queue does not have a
default
// outbound email address and the request to `sendEmail` does not include a `from`
address.
} else if (isEmailBodySizeExceededError(e)) {
// Handle error when the size of the email body exceeds the limit
} else if (isTotalEmailSizeExceededError(e)) {
// Handle error when total size of the email (email body and all attachments)
exceeds the limit
}
}
```

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace File API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides a `FileClient` which serves as an interface that you can use to make file requests to upload, retrieve, and delete attached files.

The `FileClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { FileClient } from "@amazon-connect/file";

const fileClient = new FileClient({ provider });
```

**Note**

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { FileClient } from "@amazon-connect/file";

const fileClient = new FileClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

**Note**

Third-party applications must be configured with \* permission in order to utilize the FileClient APIs.

The following sections describe API calls for working with the File API.

**Contents**

- [Get metadata about multiple attached files in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Confirm that an attached file has been uploaded in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Delete an attached file in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get a pre-signed S3 URL to download an approved attached file in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Start uploading a file to Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Get metadata about multiple attached files in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Get metadata about multiple attached files on an associated resource while handling an active contact. The activeContactId is the id of the contact the agent is actively viewing. Each

attached file provided in the input list must be associated with the associatedResourceArn in the RelatedAttachments request object.

## Signature

```
batchGetAttachedFileMetadata({ relatedAttachments, activeContactId }:
 { relatedAttachments: RelatedAttachments; activeContactId: string; }):
 Promise<BatchGetAttachedFileMetadataResponse>
```

## BatchGetAttachedFileMetadataResponse Properties

| Parameter | Type                 | Description                                                     |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| files     | AttachmentMetadata[] | Array of file metadata objects that were successfully retrieved |
| errors    | AttachmentError[]    | Array of errors of attached files that could not be retrieved   |

## AttachmentMetadata Properties

| Parameter             | Type   | Description                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associatedResourceArn | string | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN |
| fileId                | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource                                                                         |
| fileArn               | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource (ARN).                                                                  |

| Parameter       | Type       | Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| fileName        | string     | A case-sensitive name of the attached file being uploaded.                                                                                                         |
| fileStatus      | FileStatus | The current status of the attached file. Supported values: "APPROVED", "REJECTED", "PROCESSING", "FAILED"                                                          |
| fileSizeInBytes | number     | The size of the attached file in bytes.                                                                                                                            |
| creationTime    | string     | The time of Creation of the file resource as an ISO timestamp. It's specified in ISO 8601 format: yyyy-MM-ddThh:mm:ss.SSSZ. For example, 2024-05-03T02:41:28.172Z. |

### AttachmentError Properties

| Parameter    | Type   | Description                                         |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| errorCode    | string | Status code describing the failure                  |
| errorMessage | string | Why the attached file couldn't be retrieved         |
| fileId       | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource |

### RelatedAttachments Properties

| Parameter             | Type     | Description                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associatedResourceArn | string   | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN |
| fileIds               | string[] | The unique identifiers of the attached file resources                                                                       |

## Usage

```
const relatedAttachments: RelatedAttachments = {
 fileIds: [sampleFileId1, sampleFileId2],
 associatedResourceArn: sampleAssociatedResourceArn,
};

const response: BatchGetAttachedFileMetadataResponse = await
fileClient.batchGetAttachedFileMetadata({
 relatedAttachments,
 activeContactId: sampleActiveContactId, // The contact the agent is actively handling
});

const { files, errors } = response;

// Add logic to handle response
```

## Confirm that an attached file has been uploaded in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Allows you to confirm that the attachment has been uploaded using the pre-signed URL provided in the `startAttachedFileUpload` API. The request accepts an `Attachment` object, which has the following properties:

- `associatedResourceArn`: string: Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN

- `fileId`: string: ID in Connect's File record

## Signature

```
completeAttachedFileUpload(attachment: Attachment): Promise<void>
```

## Usage

```
/* Logic with startAttachedFileUpload and uploading attachment to pre-signed URL */

/* ... */

await fileClient.completeAttachedFileUpload({
 associatedResourceArn: sampleAssociatedResourceArn, // Get this from the response
 from `startAttachedFileUpload`
 fileId: sampleFileId // Get this from the response from `startAttachedFileUpload`
});
```

## Delete an attached file in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Deletes an attached file along with the underlying S3 Object. The attached file is permanently deleted if S3 bucket versioning is not enabled. The request accepts an Attachment object, which has the following properties:

- `associatedResourceArn`: string: Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN
- `fileId`: string: ID in Connect's File record

## Signature

```
deleteAttachedFile(data: Attachment): Promise<void>
```

## Usage

```
await fileClient.deleteAttachedFile({
 associatedResourceArn: sampleAssociatedResourceArn, // Get this from the response
 from `startAttachedFileUpload`
});
```

```
fileId: sampleFileId // Get this from the response from `startAttachedFileUpload`
});
```

## Get a pre-signed S3 URL to download an approved attached file in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns a pre-signed URL to download an approved attached file while handling an active contact. The `activeContactId` is the id of the contact the agent is actively viewing. This API also returns metadata about the attached file and it will only return a `downloadUrl` if the status of the attached file is APPROVED.

### Signature

```
getAttachedFileUrl({ attachment, activeContactId }: { attachment: Attachment;
 activeContactId: string; }): Promise<DownloadableAttachment>
```

### DownloadableAttachment Properties

| Parameter                          | Type   | Description                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>associatedResourceArn</code> | string | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN |
| <code>fileId</code>                | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource.                                                                        |
| <code>downloadUrl</code>           | string | A pre-signed URL that should be used to download the attached file.                                                         |
| <code>fileArn</code>               | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource (ARN).                                                                  |
| <code>fileName</code>              | string | A case-sensitive name of the attached file being uploaded.                                                                  |

| Parameter       | Type       | Description                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| fileStatus      | FileStatus | The current status of the attached file. Supported values: "APPROVED", "REJECTED", "PROCESSING", "FAILED"                                                          |
| fileSizeInBytes | number     | The size of the attached file in bytes.                                                                                                                            |
| creationTime    | string     | The time of Creation of the file resource as an ISO timestamp. It's specified in ISO 8601 format: yyyy-MM-ddThh:mm:ss.SSSZ. For example, 2024-05-03T02:41:28.172Z. |

## Attachment Properties

| Parameter             | Type   | Description                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associatedResourceArn | string | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN |
| fileId                | string | The unique identifier of the attached file resource.                                                                        |

## Usage

```
const downloadableAttachment = await fileClient.getAttachedFileUrl({
 attachment: {
```

```

 associatedResourceArn: sampleAssociatedResourceArn,
 fileId: sampleFileId,
 },
 activeContactId: sampleActiveContactId, // The contact the agent is actively handling
});

const { downloadUrl } = downloadableAttachment;
const response: Response = await fetch(downloadUrl, { method: "GET" });

```

## Start uploading a file to Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Provides a pre-signed Amazon S3 URL in response to upload a new attached file.

### Signature

```
startAttachedFileUpload(data: NewAttachment): Promise<UploadableAttachment>
```

### UploadableAttachment Properties

| Parameter             | Type                   | Description                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associatedResourceArn | string                 | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. Could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN |
| fileId                | string                 | ID in Connect's File record                                                                                                 |
| uploadUrl             | string                 | A pre-signed S3 URL that should be used for uploading the attached file.                                                    |
| uploadHeaders         | Record<string, string> | A map of headers that should be provided in the request when uploading the attached file.                                   |
| uploadMethod          | "PUT"                  | The upload request must be a PUT.                                                                                           |

| Parameter  | Type       | Description                                                                                               |
|------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| fileStatus | FileStatus | The current status of the attached file. Supported values: "APPROVED", "REJECTED", "PROCESSING", "FAILED" |

## NewAttachment Properties

| Parameter             | Type         | Description                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associatedResourceArn | string       | Amazon Connect ARN of the resource that the file is attached to. This could be a Connect Email Contact ARN or a Connect Case ARN                 |
| fileName              | string       | A case-sensitive name of the attached file being uploaded. Minimum length of 1; Maximum length of 256. Supported pattern: <code>^\P{C}*\$</code> |
| fileSizeInBytes       | number       | The size of the attached file in bytes. Minimum value of 1.                                                                                      |
| fileUseCaseType       | "ATTACHMENT" | The use case for the file. Must be "ATTACHMENT"                                                                                                  |

## Error Handling

When beginning the process to upload attached files, agents may encounter issues. The `@amazon-connect/file` library provides methods to handle common errors:

- `isInvalidFileNameError()`: Handle errors when the name of the file is not valid
- `isInvalidFileTypeError()`: Handle errors when the file type is not supported

- `isInvalidFileSizeError()`: Handle errors when the size of the file is invalid
- `isTotalFileSizeExceededError()`: Handle errors when the total size of all files (being uploaded) exceeds the limit.
- `isTotalFileCountExceededError()`: Handle errors when the total number of files (being uploaded) exceeds the limit.

## Usage

```
import {
 isInvalidFileNameError,
 isInvalidFileTypeError,
 isInvalidFileSizeError,
 isTotalFileSizeExceededError,
 isTotalFileCountExceededError
} from "@amazon-connect/file";

/* ... */

const newAttachment: NewAttachment = {
 associatedResourceArn: sampleAssociatedResourceArn, // This could be an email contact
 ARN or case ARN that you are uploading the attached file to
 fileName: sampleFileName,
 fileSizeInBytes: sampleFileSizeInBytes,
 fileUseCaseType: "ATTACHMENT"
};

let uploadableAttachment: UploadableAttachment;
try {
 uploadableAttachment = await fileClient.startAttachedFileUpload(newAttachment);
} catch (e) {
 if (isInvalidFileNameError(e)) {
 // Handle InvalidFileName error
 } else if (isInvalidFileTypeError(e)) {
 // Handle InvalidFileType error
 } else if (isInvalidFileSizeError(e)) {
 // Handle InvalidFileSize error
 } else if (isTotalFileSizeExceededError(e)) {
 // Handle TotalFileSizeExceeded error
 } else if (isTotalFileCountExceededError(e)) {
 // Handle TotalFileCountExceeded error
 }
}
```

```
 }
 }

 // Assuming startAttachedFileUpload succeeded, we upload the attached file to the pre-
 signed S3 URL
 const { uploadUrl, uploadHeaders, uploadMethod } = uploadableAttachment;

 await fetch(uploadUrl, {
 method: uploadMethod,
 headers: uploadHeaders,
 body: file, // This is the file you're uploading
 });
```

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Message Template API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides a `MessageTemplateClient` which serves as an interface that you can use to make requests to search and get content from your Amazon Connect Message Template Knowledge Base.

The `MessageTemplateClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { MessageTemplateClient } from "@amazon-connect/message-template";

const messageTemplateClient = new MessageTemplateClient({ provider });
```

**Note**

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { MessageTemplateClient } from "@amazon-connect/message-template";

const messageTemplateClient = new MessageTemplateClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

**Note**

Third-party applications must be configured with `*` permission in order to utilize the MessageTemplateClient APIs.

The following sections describe API calls for working with the MessageTemplate API.

**Contents**

- [Get content of a message template in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Determine if the Message Template feature is enabled in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Retrieve message templates that match a search query in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Get content of a message template in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Gets the content of a message template. This includes plaintext or html content of the body of the message template as a string, the subject of the message template, and attachments if they are configured on the message template. Attributes in the message template will be filled if they are system attributes, agent attributes, or custom attributes set up in the contact flow. More

information on the attributes can be found here: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/connect/latest/adminguide/personalize-templates.html>

## Signature

```
getContent(messageTemplateId: string, contactId: string):
 Promise<MessageTemplateContent>
```

## messageTemplateId

The messageTemplateId can be either the ID or the ARN of a message template

- Passing in the ARN returned by searchMessageTemplates is recommended here, since this will get the content of the active version of the message template.
- Passing in the ID will return the content of the latest version of the message template. A qualifier can be appended to the messageTemplateId to get the content of a different version of the message template.

More information on qualifiers can be found here:

[https://docs.aws.amazon.com/connect/latest/APIReference/API\\_amazon-q-connect\\_GetMessageTemplate.html](https://docs.aws.amazon.com/connect/latest/APIReference/API_amazon-q-connect_GetMessageTemplate.html)

More information on versioning can be found here:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/connect/latest/adminguide/about-version-message-templates.html>

## contactId

The current contact to add the message template to. This is used to populate attributes in the message template

## MessageTemplateContent Properties

| Parameter | Type                | Description                                     |
|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| subject   | string              | Message subject populated in the template       |
| body      | MessageTemplateBody | Message body content populated in the template. |

| Parameter                 | Type                        | Description                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                           |                             | This can include plainText or html or both                                                                                                                |
| attachments               | MessageTemplateAttachment[] | Attachments populated in the template                                                                                                                     |
| attributesNotInterpolated | string[]                    | List of attributes that were not automatically populated in the message template. If all attributes were automatically populated, this list will be empty |

### MessageTemplateBody Properties

| Parameter | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plainText | string | Plain text content of the message template as a string. It is possible for both the plain text and html to be populated, or for only the plain text or html content to be populated |
| html      | string | HTML content of the message template as a string                                                                                                                                    |

### MessageTemplateAttachment Properties

| Parameter | Type   | Description            |
|-----------|--------|------------------------|
| fileName  | string | Name of the attachment |
| fileId    | string | ID of the attachment   |

| Parameter   | Type   | Description                         |
|-------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| downloadUrl | string | URL to download the attachment from |

## Determine if the Message Template feature is enabled in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the `MessageTemplateEnabledState` object, which indicates if the message template feature is enabled for the Connect instance. The Message Template feature is considered enabled if there is a knowledge base for message templates configured for the instance. The object contains the following fields:

- `isEnabled`: A boolean indicating if the feature is enabled
- `knowledgeBaseId`: The id of the Message Template Knowledge Base (if the feature is enabled)

### Signature

```
isEnabled(): Promise<MessageTemplateEnabledState>
```

## Retrieve message templates that match a search query in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the `SearchMessageTemplatesResponse` object, which contains the matching message templates and a token to retrieve the next page of results, if available. The `SearchMessageTemplatesParams` object is used to configure the search, allowing you to filter by various criteria, as well as specify the channels and pagination options. If no filter text is provided, all active message templates for the agent's routing profile and the channel(s) specified are returned.

### Signature

```
searchMessageTemplates(request: SearchMessageTemplatesParams):
 Promise<SearchMessageTemplatesResponse>
```

### SearchMessageTemplatesResponse Properties

| Parameter       | Type              | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| messageTemplate | MessageTemplate[] | List of message templates matching the search criteria specified in the request                                                                 |
| nextToken       | string            | The token for the next set of results. Use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results. |

### MessageTemplate Properties

| Parameter          | Type   | Description                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| messageTemplateArn | string | The ARN of the message template. This contains the active version qualifier at the end of the ARN           |
| messageTemplateId  | string | The ID of the message template. This does NOT contain a qualifier with the version of the message template. |
| name               | string | Name of the message template                                                                                |
| description        | string | Description of the message template                                                                         |

### SearchMessageTemplatesParams Properties

| Parameter  | Type                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| channels   | MessageTemplateChannel[]    | The channel(s) to return message templates for. If the list is empty, no message templates will be returned. Supported values: "EMAIL"                                                    |
| queries    | MessageTemplateQueryField[] | Queries are used to filter the returned message templates by name or description. Leaving the queries empty will return all message templates associated with the agent's routing profile |
| maxResults | number                      | Maximum number of message templates to return                                                                                                                                             |
| nextToken  | string                      | The token for the next set of results. Use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results.                                           |

### MessageTemplateQueryField Properties

| Parameter | Type                   | Description                                                                                       |
|-----------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name      | "name"   "description" | The message templates will be filtered by the values matching the text in the name field provided |

| Parameter      | Type                               | Description                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| values         | string[]                           | The values of the attribute to query the message templates by                                                                                                           |
| priority       | "HIGH"   "MEDIUM"   "LOW"          | The importance of the attribute field when calculating query result relevancy scores. The value set for this parameter affects the ordering of search results.          |
| allowFuzziness | boolean                            | Whether the query expects only exact matches on the attribute field values. The results of the query will only include exact matches if this parameter is set to false. |
| operator       | "CONTAINS"   "CONTAINS_AND_PREFIX" | Include all templates that contain the values or only templates that contain the values as the prefix.                                                                  |

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Quick Responses API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides a `QuickResponsesClient` which serves as an interface that you can use to make requests to search your Amazon Connect Quick Responses Knowledge Base.

The `QuickResponsesClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { QuickResponsesClient } from "@amazon-connect/quick-responses";

const quickResponsesClient = new QuickResponsesClient({ provider });
```

### Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { QuickResponsesClient } from "@amazon-connect/quick-responses";

const quickResponsesClient = new QuickResponsesClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

### Note

Third-party applications must be configured with `*` permission in order to utilize the QuickResponsesClient APIs.

The following sections describe API calls for working with the QuickResponses API.

## Contents

- [Determine if the Quick Responses feature is enabled in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Retrieve quick responses that match a search query in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Determine if the Quick Responses feature is enabled in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the `QuickResponsesEnabledState` object, which indicates if the quick responses feature is enabled for the Connect instance. Quick responses is considered enabled if there is a knowledge base for quick responses configured for the instance. The object contains the following fields:

- `isEnabled`: A boolean indicating if the feature is enabled
- `knowledgeBaseId`: The id of the Quick Responses Knowledge Base (if the feature is enabled)

### Signature

```
isEnabled(): Promise<QuickResponsesEnabledState>
```

## Retrieve quick responses that match a search query in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the `SearchQuickResponsesResult` object, which contains the matching quick response results and a token to retrieve the next page of results, if available. The `SearchQuickResponsesRequest` object is used to configure the search, allowing you to filter by various criteria, as well as specify the channels, user-defined contact attributes, and pagination options. If no queries are provided, the method will return all quick responses associated with the agent's routing profile.

### Signature

```
searchQuickResponses(queryRequest: SearchQuickResponsesRequest):
Promise<SearchQuickResponsesResult>
```

### SearchQuickResponsesResult Properties

| Parameter            | Type                                          | Description                               |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <code>results</code> | <code>QuickResponsesSearchResultData[]</code> | The results of the quick responses search |

| Parameter | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| nextToken | string | The token for the next set of results. Use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results. |

### QuickResponsesSearchResultData Properties

| Parameter                 | Type                  | Description                                                                                   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| contents                  | QuickResponseContents | The contents of the quick response.                                                           |
| knowledgeBaseId           | string                | The identifier of the knowledge base.                                                         |
| name                      | string                | The name of the quick response.                                                               |
| quickResponseArn          | string                | The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the quick response.                                         |
| quickResponseId           | string                | The identifier of the quick response.                                                         |
| description               | string                | The description of the quick response.                                                        |
| shortcutKey               | string                | The shortcut key of the quick response. The value should be unique across the knowledge base. |
| attributesNotInterpolated | string[]              | The user defined contact attributes that are not                                              |

| Parameter | Type | Description                                  |
|-----------|------|----------------------------------------------|
|           |      | resolved when the search result is returned. |

### QuickResponseContents Properties

| Parameter | Type   | Description                                            |
|-----------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| markdown  | string | The content of the quick response stored in markdown   |
| plainText | string | The content of the quick response stored in plain text |

### SearchQuickResponsesRequest Properties

| Parameter  | Type                   | Description                                                                                                                                               |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| queries    | QuickResponsesQuery[]  | Query used to filter quick responses; if no queries are provided, the client will return all quick responses associated with the agent's routing profile. |
| channels   | QuickResponseChannel[] | The channels to filter the request by. Supported values: "Chat" or "Email"                                                                                |
| attributes | Record<string, string> | The user-defined Amazon Connect contact attributes to be resolved when search results are returned.                                                       |

| Parameter  | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                     |
|------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| debounceMS | number | The default value is set to 250ms; set it to 0 to disable debounced input change                                                                |
| maxResults | number | The number of results to be returned. Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 100.                                                                 |
| nextToken  | string | The token for the next set of results. Use the value returned in the previous response in the next request to retrieve the next set of results. |

### QuickResponsesQuery Properties

| Parameter | Type                         | Description                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name      | QuickResponsesQueryFieldName | The name of the attribute to query the quick responses by. Supported values: "content", "name", "description", or "shortcutKey" |
| values    | string[]                     | The values of the attribute to query the quick responses by.                                                                    |
| operator  | QuickResponsesQueryOperator  | The operator to use for matching attribute field values in the query. Supported values: "CONTAINS" or "CONTAINS_AND_PREFIX"     |

| Parameter      | Type                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| priority       | QuickResponsesQueryPriority | The importance of the attribute field when calculating query result relevancy scores. The value set for this parameter affects the ordering of search results. Supported values: "HIGH", "MEDIUM", or "LOW" |
| allowFuzziness | boolean                     | Whether the query expects only exact matches on the attribute field values. The results of the query will only include exact matches if this parameter is set to false.                                     |

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace User API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `SettingsClient` which serves as an interface that your app in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace can use to make data requests on user settings.

The `SettingsClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { SettingsClient } from "@amazon-connect/user";
const settingsClient = new SettingsClient({ provider });
```

**Note**

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default AmazonConnectProvider and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { SettingsClient } from "@amazon-connect/user";

const settingsClient = new SettingsClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

The following sections describe API calls for working with the User API.

**Contents**

- [Get the language of a user in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace user changes languages](#)
- [Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace user changes languages](#)

## Get the language of a user in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the language setting for the current user in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace.

```
async getLanguage(): Promise<Locale | null>
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Subscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace user changes languages

Subscribes a callback function to-be-invoked whenever a user `LanguageChanged` event occurs in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace.

**Signature**

```
onLanguageChanged(handler: UserLanguageChangedHandler)
```

**Usage**

```
const handler: UserLanguageChangedHandler = async (data: UserLanguageChanged) => {
 console.log("User LanguageChange occurred! " + data);
};

settingsClient.onLanguageChanged(handler);

// UserLanguageChanged Structure
{
 language: string;
 previous: {
 language: string;
 };
}
```

**Permissions required:**

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Unsubscribe a callback function when an Amazon Connect Agent Workspace user changes languages

Unsubscribes the callback function from LanguageChanged event in the Amazon Connect Agent Workspace.

### Signature

```
offLanguageChanged(handler: UserLanguageChangedHandler)
```

### Usage

```
settingsClient.offLanguageChanged(handler);
```

## Amazon Connect Agent Workspace Voice API

The Amazon Connect SDK provides an `VoiceClient` which serves as an interface that your app in the Amazon Connect agent workspace can use to make data requests on voice contact.

The `VoiceClient` accepts an optional constructor argument, `ConnectClientConfig` which itself is defined as:

```
export type ConnectClientConfig = {
 context?: ModuleContext;
 provider?: AmazonConnectProvider;
};
```

If you do not provide a value for this config, then the client will default to using the **AmazonConnectProvider** set in the global provider scope. You can also manually configure this using **setGlobalProvider**.

You can instantiate the agent client as follows:

```
import { VoiceClient } from "@amazon-connect/voice";

const voiceClient = new VoiceClient({ provider });
```

### Note

You must first instantiate the [AmazonConnectApp](#) which initializes the default `AmazonConnectProvider` and returns `{ provider }`. This is the recommended option.

Alternatively, providing a constructor argument:

```
import { VoiceClient } from "@amazon-connect/voice";

const voiceClient = new VoiceClient({
 context: sampleContext,
 provider: sampleProvider
});
```

### Note

Third-party applications must be configured with `*` permission in order to utilize the `VoiceClient` APIs.

The following sections describe API calls for working with the Voice API.

## Contents

- [Check if a participant can be resumed from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Check if the current user can be resumed from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Conference all participants on a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Create an outbound call to phone number in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

- [Gets the phone number of the initial customer connection in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Gets the outbound call permission configured for the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Place a participant on hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get the voice enhancement mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Get voice enhancement model paths in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Check if a participant is on hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Unsubscribe from participant resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Unsubscribe from participant hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Unsubscribe from self hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Subscribe to participant resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Subscribe to participant hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
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- [Subscribe to self hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to self resume events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Subscribe to voice enhancement mode change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Resume a participant from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)
- [Set the voice enhancement mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace](#)

## Check if a participant can be resumed from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Checks whether a specific participant can be resumed from hold.

## Signature

```
canResumeParticipant(participantId: string): Promise<boolean>
```

## Usage

```
const canResume = await voiceClient.canResumeParticipant("participant-456");
if (canResume) {
 await voiceClient.resumeParticipant("participant-456");
}
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                               |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant |

## Output

Returns a Promise that resolves to a boolean: true if the participant can be resumed, false otherwise

## Check if the current user can be resumed from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Checks whether the current user's participant can be resumed from hold for a specific contact.

## Signature

```
canResumeSelf(contactId: string): Promise<boolean>
```

## Usage

```
const canResume = await voiceClient.canResumeSelf("contact-123");
if (canResume) {
 // Resume logic here
}
```

```
}

```

## Input

| Parameter                              | Type   | Description                           |
|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code> <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the contact |

## Output

Returns a Promise that resolves to a boolean: true if the current user can be resumed, false otherwise

# Conference all participants on a contact in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Confers all participants on a contact together, removing any hold states and enabling all participants to communicate with each other.

## Signature

```
conferenceParticipants(contactId: string): Promise<void>
```

## Usage

```
await voiceClient.conferenceParticipants("contact-123");
console.log("All participants are now conferenced");
```

## Input

| Parameter                              | Type   | Description                           |
|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>contactId</code> <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the contact |

# Create an outbound call to phone number in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Creates an outbound call to the given phone number and returns the contactId. It takes an optional parameter queueARN which specifies the outbound queue associated with the call, if omitted the default outbound queue defined in the agent's routing profile will be used.

## Signature

```
createOutboundCall(
 phoneNumber: string,
 options?: CreateOutboundCallOptions,
): Promise<CreateOutboundCallResult>
```

## Usage

```
const outboundCallResult:CreateOutboundCallResult = await
voiceClient.createOutboundCall("+18005550100");
```

## Input

| Parameter                   | Type   | Description                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| phoneNumber <i>Required</i> | string | The phone number specified in E.164 format                                                                                                           |
| options.queueARN            | string | It specifies the outbound queue associated with the call, if omitted the default outbound queue defined in the agent's routing profile will be used. |
| options.relatedContactId    | string | Optional parameter to supply related contactId                                                                                                       |

## Output - *CreateOutboundCallResult*

| Parameter | Type   | Description                                 |
|-----------|--------|---------------------------------------------|
| contactId | string | The contactId of the created outbound call. |

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.Details.Edit
```

## Gets the phone number of the initial customer connection in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Gets the phone number of the initial customer connection. Applicable only for voice contacts.

### Signature

```
getInitialCustomerPhoneNumber(contactId: string): Promise<string>
```

### Usage

```
const initialCustomerPhoneNumber: string = await
 voiceClient.getInitialCustomerPhoneNumber(contactId);
```

### Input

| Parameter                 | Type   | Description                                            |
|---------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| contactId <i>Required</i> | string | The id of the contact for which the data is requested. |

### Permissions required:

```
Contact.CustomerDetails.View
```

## Gets the outbound call permission configured for the agent in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Gets true if the agent has the security profile permission for making outbound calls, false otherwise.

### Signature

```
getOutboundCallPermission(): Promise<boolean>
```

### Usage

```
const outboundCallPermission: boolean = await voiceClient.getOutboundCallPermission();
```

### Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Place a participant on hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Places a specific participant on hold.

### Signature

```
holdParticipant(participantId: string): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await voiceClient.holdParticipant("participant-456");
console.log("Participant is now on hold");
```

### Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                                                |
|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant to place on hold |

## Get the voice enhancement mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Gets the voice enhancement mode of the user that's currently logged in to Amazon Connect agent workspace. The voice enhancement mode can have the following values:

- **VOICE\_ISOLATION**: it suppresses background noise and isolates the agent's voice. This mode should only be enabled if the agent uses a wired headsets.
- **NOISE\_SUPPRESSION**: it suppresses the background noise. We recommend using this mode with any type of headset.
- **NONE**: no voice enhancement applies.

### Signature

```
async getVoiceEnhancementMode(): Promise<VoiceEnhancementMode>
```

### Usage

```
const voiceEnhancementMode: VoiceEnhancementMode = await
voiceClient.getVoiceEnhancementMode();
```

### Permissions required:

```
*
```

## Get voice enhancement model paths in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Returns the voice enhancements models static assets URL paths.

### Signature

```
async getVoiceEnhancementPaths(): Promise<VoiceEnhancementPaths>
```

## Usage

```
voiceClient.getVoiceEnhancementPaths();

// VoiceEnhancementPaths structure
interface VoiceEnhancementPaths {
 processors: string;
 workers: string;
 wasm: string;
 models: string;
}
```

## Permissions required:

```
*
```

# Check if a participant is on hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Checks whether a specific participant is currently on hold.

## Signature

```
isParticipantOnHold(participantId: string): Promise<boolean>
```

## Usage

```
const isOnHold = await voiceClient.isParticipantOnHold("participant-456");
if (isOnHold) {
 console.log("Participant is on hold");
} else {
 console.log("Participant is active");
}
```

## Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                               |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant |

## Output

Returns a Promise that resolves to a boolean: true if the participant is on hold, false otherwise

## Get a list of dialable countries in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Get a list of `DialableCountry` that contains the country code and calling code that the Amazon Connect instance is allowed to make calls to.

## Signature

```
listDialableCountries(): Promise<DialableCountry[]>
```

## Usage

```
const dialableCountries:DialableCountry[] = await voiceClient.listDialableCountries();
```

## Output - *DialableCountry*

| Parameter   | Type   | Description                      |
|-------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| countryCode | string | The ISO country code             |
| callingCode | string | The calling code for the country |
| label       | string | The name of the country          |

## Permissions required:

```
User.Configuration.View
```

## Unsubscribe from participant resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from participant capability change events.

### Signature

```
offCanResumeParticipantChanged(
 handler: CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void
```

### Usage

```
voiceClient.offCanResumeParticipantChanged(handleCanResumeChanged);
```

### Input

| Parameter               | Type                               | Description                                                             |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler | Event handler function to remove                                        |
| participantId           | string                             | Optional participant ID to unsubscribe from specific participant events |

## Unsubscribe from self resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from capability change events for the current user.

### Signature

```
offCanResumeSelfChanged(
 handler: CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler,
 contactId?: string
): void
```

## Usage

```
voiceClient.offCanResumeSelfChanged(handleCanResumeSelfChanged);
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                               | Description                                                     |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler | Event handler function to remove                                |
| contactId               | string                             | Optional contact ID to unsubscribe from specific contact events |

## Unsubscribe from participant hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from participant hold events.

### Signature

```
offParticipantHold(
 handler: ParticipantHoldHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void
```

## Usage

```
voiceClient.offParticipantHold(handleParticipantHold);
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                   | Description                                                             |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantHoldHandler | Event handler function to remove                                        |
| participantId           | string                 | Optional participant ID to unsubscribe from specific participant events |

## Unsubscribe from participant resume events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from participant resume events.

### Signature

```
offParticipantResume(
 handler: ParticipantResumeHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void
```

### Usage

```
voiceClient.offParticipantResume(handleParticipantResume);
```

### Input

| Parameter               | Type                     | Description                                                             |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantResumeHandler | Event handler function to remove                                        |
| participantId           | string                   | Optional participant ID to unsubscribe from specific participant events |

## Unsubscribe from self hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from self hold events.

### Signature

```
offSelfHold(
 handler: ParticipantHoldHandler,
 contactId?: string
): void
```

### Usage

```
voiceClient.offSelfHold(handleSelfHold);
```

### Input

| Parameter               | Type                   | Description                                                     |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantHoldHandler | Event handler function to remove                                |
| contactId               | string                 | Optional contact ID to unsubscribe from specific contact events |

## Unsubscribe from self resume events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes from self resume events.

### Signature

```
offSelfResume(
 handler: ParticipantResumeHandler,
 contactId?: string
```

```
): void
```

## Usage

```
voiceClient.offSelfResume(handleSelfResume);
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                     | Description                                                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantResumeHandler | Event handler function to remove                                |
| contactId               | string                   | Optional contact ID to unsubscribe from specific contact events |

## Unsubscribe from voice enhancement mode change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Unsubscribes a callback function registered for voice enhancements mode changed event.

## Signature

```
offVoiceEnhancementModeChanged(handler: VoiceEnhancementModeChangedHandler)
```

## Usage

```
const handler: VoiceEnhancementModeChangedHandler = async (data:
 VoiceEnhancementModeChanged) => {
 console.log("User VoiceEnhancementMode changed! " + data);
}

// subscribe a callback for mode change
voiceClient.onVoiceEnhancementModeChanged(handler);

// unsubscribes a callback for mode change
voiceClient.offVoiceEnhancementModeChanged(handler);
```

**Permissions required:**

```
*
```

**Subscribe to participant resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace**

Subscribes to events when a participant's capability to be resumed from hold changes.

**Signature**

```
onCanResumeParticipantChanged(
 handler: CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void
```

**Usage**

```
const handleCanResumeChanged = (event) => {
 console.log(`Participant ${event.participantId} resume capability:
 ${event.canResumeConnection}`);
 if (event.canResumeConnection) {
 // Enable resume button for this participant
 } else {
 // Disable resume button for this participant
 }
};
voiceClient.onCanResumeParticipantChanged(handleCanResumeChanged, "participant-456");
```

**Input**

| Parameter               | Type                               | Description                                                         |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler | Event handler function to call when the capability changes          |
| participantId           | string                             | Optional participant ID to filter events for a specific participant |

## Subscribe to self resume capability change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to events when the current user's capability to be resumed from hold changes.

### Signature

```
onCanResumeSelfChanged(
 handler: CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler,
 contactId?: string
): void
```

### Usage

```
const handleCanResumeSelfChanged = (event) => {
 if (event.canResumeConnection) {
 console.log("You can now be resumed from hold");
 // Enable resume button in UI
 } else {
 console.log("You cannot be resumed at this time");
 // Disable resume button in UI
 }
};
voiceClient.onCanResumeSelfChanged(handleCanResumeSelfChanged, "contact-123");
```

### Input

| Parameter               | Type                               | Description                                                 |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | CanResumeParticipantChangedHandler | Event handler function to call when the capability changes  |
| contactId               | string                             | Optional contact ID to filter events for a specific contact |

## Subscribe to participant hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to events when any participant is put on hold.

## Signature

```
onParticipantHold(
 handler: ParticipantHoldHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void
```

## Usage

```
const handleParticipantHold = (event) => {
 console.log(`Participant ${event.participantId} is now on hold`);
 console.log(`Contact: ${event.contactId}`);
};
// Subscribe to all participants
voiceClient.onParticipantHold(handleParticipantHold);
// Or subscribe to a specific participant
voiceClient.onParticipantHold(handleParticipantHold, "participant-456");
```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                   | Description                                                         |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantHoldHandler | Event handler function to call when participants are put on hold    |
| participantId           | string                 | Optional participant ID to filter events for a specific participant |

## Subscribe to participant resume events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to events when any participant is taken off hold.

## Signature

```
onParticipantResume(
```

```

 handler: ParticipantResumeHandler,
 participantId?: string
): void

```

## Usage

```

const handleParticipantResume = (event) => {
 console.log(`Participant ${event.participantId} has been resumed`);
};
voiceClient.onParticipantResume(handleParticipantResume, "participant-456");

```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                     | Description                                                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantResumeHandler | Event handler function to call when participants are taken off hold |
| participantId           | string                   | Optional participant ID to filter events for a specific participant |

## Subscribe to self hold events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to events when the current user's participant is put on hold.

### Signature

```

onSelfHold(
 handler: ParticipantHoldHandler,
 contactId?: string
): void

```

## Usage

```

const handleSelfHold = (event) => {
 console.log("You have been put on hold");
};

```

```

console.log(`Contact: ${event.contactId}`);
};
// Subscribe to all contacts
voiceClient.onSelfHold(handleSelfHold);
// Or subscribe to a specific contact
voiceClient.onSelfHold(handleSelfHold, "contact-123");

```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                   | Description                                                                       |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantHoldHandler | Event handler function to call when the current user's participant is put on hold |
| contactId               | string                 | Optional contact ID to filter events for a specific contact                       |

## Subscribe to self resume events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes to events when the current user's participant is taken off hold.

### Signature

```

onSelfResume(
 handler: ParticipantResumeHandler,
 contactId?: string
): void

```

### Usage

```

const handleSelfResume = (event) => {
 console.log("You have been resumed from hold");
};
voiceClient.onSelfResume(handleSelfResume, "contact-123");

```

## Input

| Parameter               | Type                     | Description                                                                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| handler <i>Required</i> | ParticipantResumeHandler | Event handler function to call when the current user's participant is taken off hold |
| contactId               | string                   | Optional contact ID to filter events for a specific contact                          |

## Subscribe to voice enhancement mode change events in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Subscribes a callback function whenever voice enhancements mode is changed in user's profile.

### Signature

```
onVoiceEnhancementModeChanged(handler: VoiceEnhancementModeChangedHandler)
```

### Usage

```
const handler: VoiceEnhancementModeChangedHandler = async (data:
 VoiceEnhancementModeChanged) => {
 console.log("User VoiceEnhancementMode changed! " + data);
}

voiceClient.onVoiceEnhancementModeChanged(handler);

// VoiceEnhancementModeChanged structure
{
 voiceEnhancementMode: string
 previous: {
 voiceEnhancementMode: string
 }
}
```

### Permissions required:

```
*
```

## Resume a participant from hold in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Resumes a specific participant from hold.

### Signature

```
resumeParticipant(participantId: string): Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await voiceClient.resumeParticipant("participant-456");
console.log("Participant has been resumed");
```

### Input

| Parameter                     | Type   | Description                                         |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| participantId <i>Required</i> | string | The unique identifier for the participant to resume |

## Set the voice enhancement mode in Amazon Connect Agent Workspace

Sets the voice enhancement mode of the user that's currently logged in to Amazon Connect agent workspace. The voice enhancement mode can have the following values:

- **VOICE\_ISOLATION**: it suppresses background noise and isolates the agent's voice. This mode should only be enabled if the agent uses a wired headsets.
- **NOISE\_SUPPRESSION**: it suppresses the background noise. We recommend using this mode with any type of headset.
- **NONE**: no voice enhancement applies.

### Signature

```
async setVoiceEnhancementMode(voiceEnhancementMode: VoiceEnhancementMode):
 Promise<void>
```

### Usage

```
await voiceClient.setVoiceEnhancementMode(VoiceEnhancementMode.NOISE_SUPPRESSION);
```

## Input

| Parameter                               | Type                 | Description                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| voiceEnhancementMode<br><i>Required</i> | VoiceEnhancementMode | The mode to set on the user.<br>Values accepted: VOICE_ISOLATION , NOISE_SUPPRESSION , NONE |

## Permissions required:

\*

# Document history for the Agent Workspace developer guide

The following table describes the documentation releases for agent workspace.

| Change                                                                      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Date              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <a href="#">Integration of AWS-managed applications and additional APIs</a> | Amazon Connect agent workspace introduces support for integrating AWS-managed applications with existing applications built using Streams. For details, see <a href="#">Building third-party services</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | December 22, 2025 |
| <a href="#">Enhanced third-party capabilities and new AppController API</a> | Amazon Connect agent workspace introduces support for third-party services and a new App Controller API. Third-party services are headless applications that run in the background of the agent workspace, enabling automated tasks and enhanced workflows. The App Controller API allows developers to manage third-party applications programmatically. For details, see <a href="#">Building third-party services</a> and <a href="#">App Controller API</a> . | July 25, 2025     |
| <a href="#">API version 1.0.5</a>                                           | API version 1.0.5 released. For more information, see the <a href="#">Amazon Connect agent</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | April 24, 2025    |

[workspace API reference for third-party applications.](#)

[Initial release](#)

Initial release of the agent workspace developer guide

October 27, 2023